



Presented by James Laverack, Solutions Engineer

A Kubernetes Operator for etcd

jetstack.io



Open Source Tools

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Reference architecture, online training and SLA support 24x7 for your production Kubernetes deployment



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Consulting and engineering to make the most of Kubernetes and move you to production quickly



Training

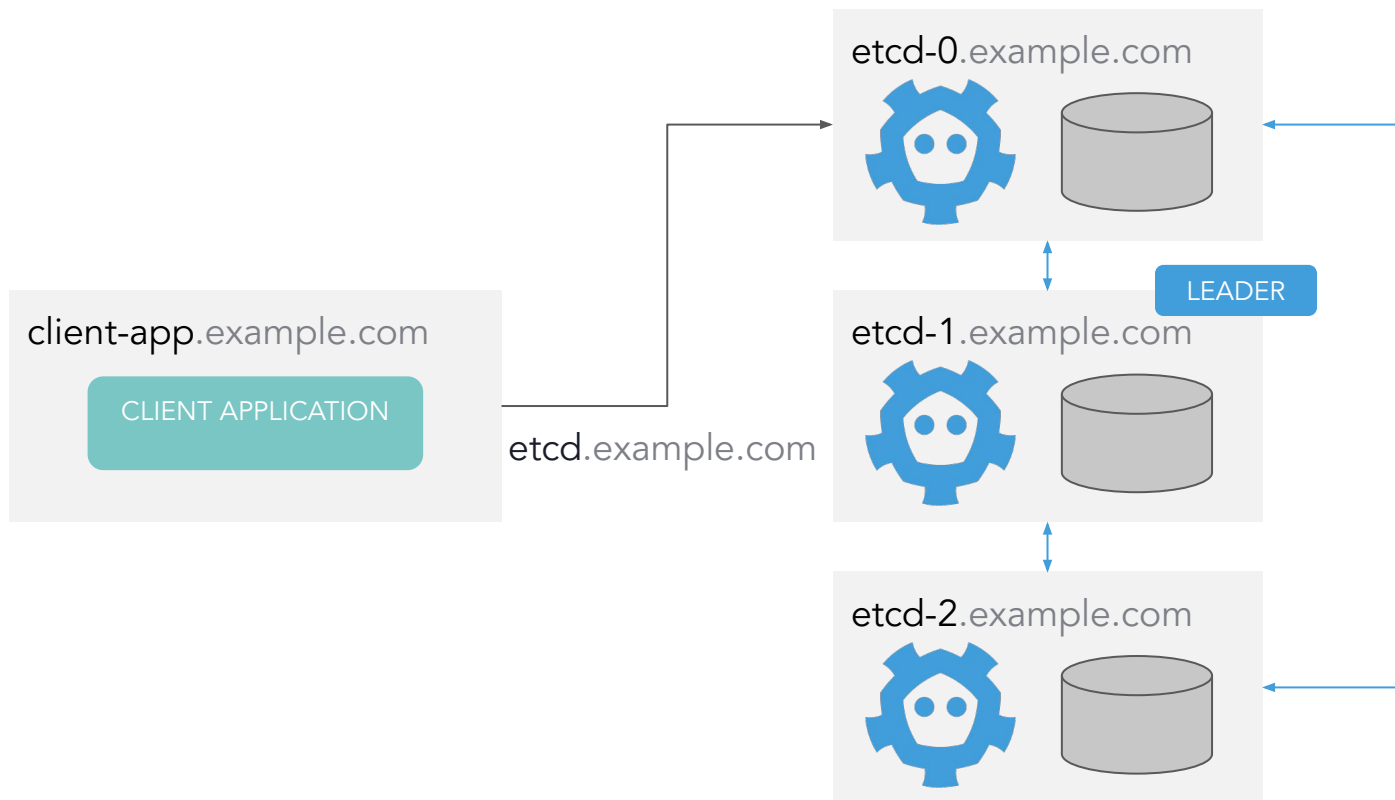
Learn and engage directly alongside our team, with courses for all stages of your Kubernetes journey



"We need to run etcd in Kubernetes."

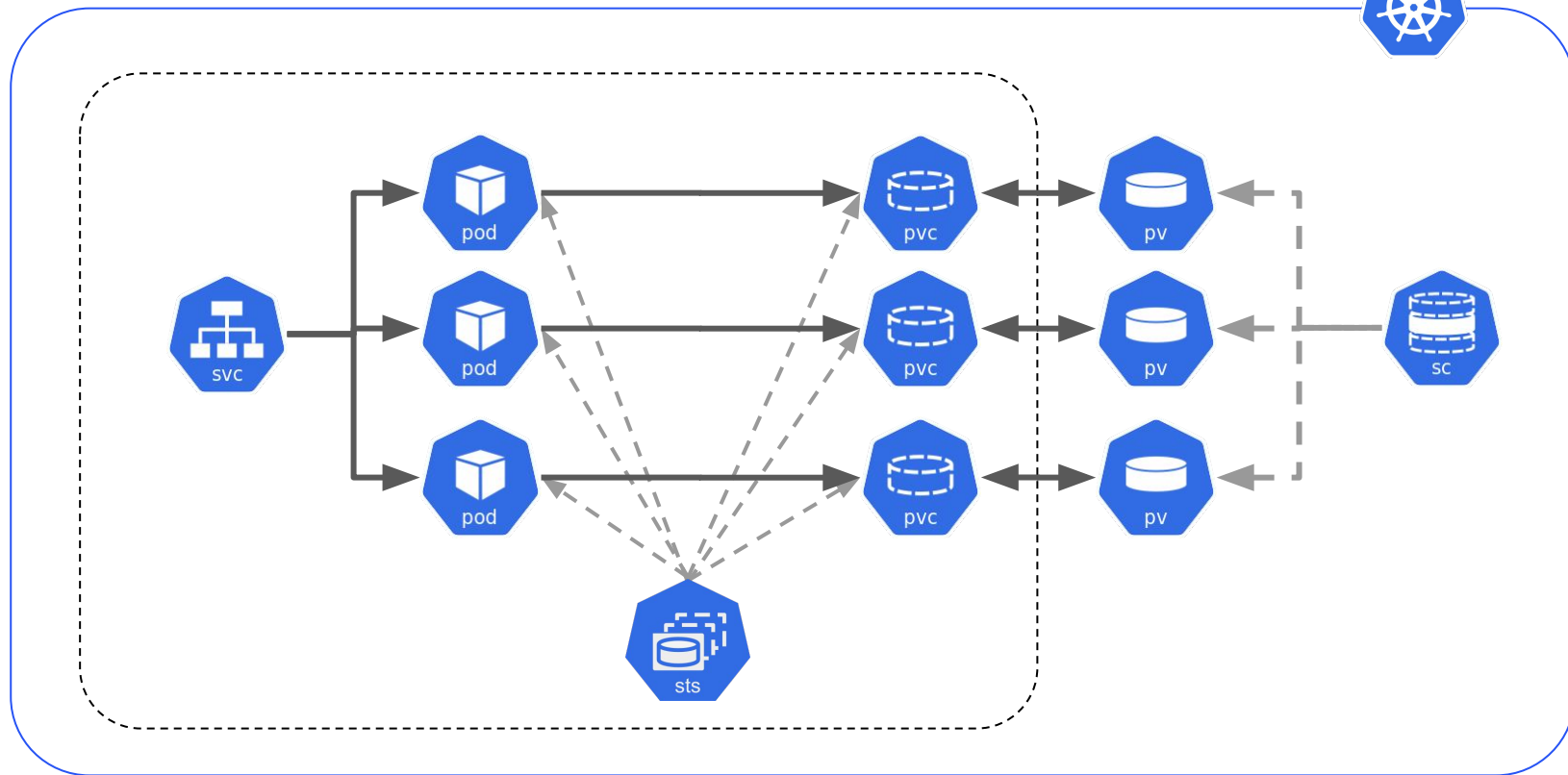


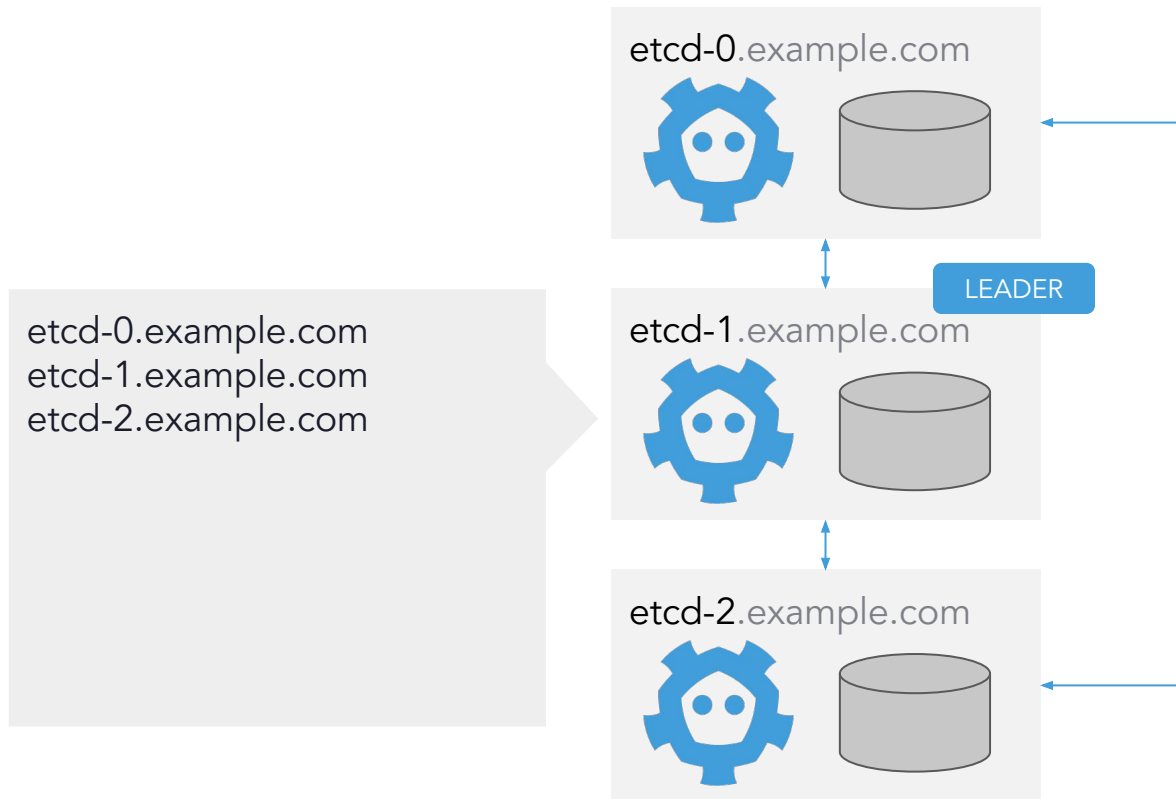
etcd

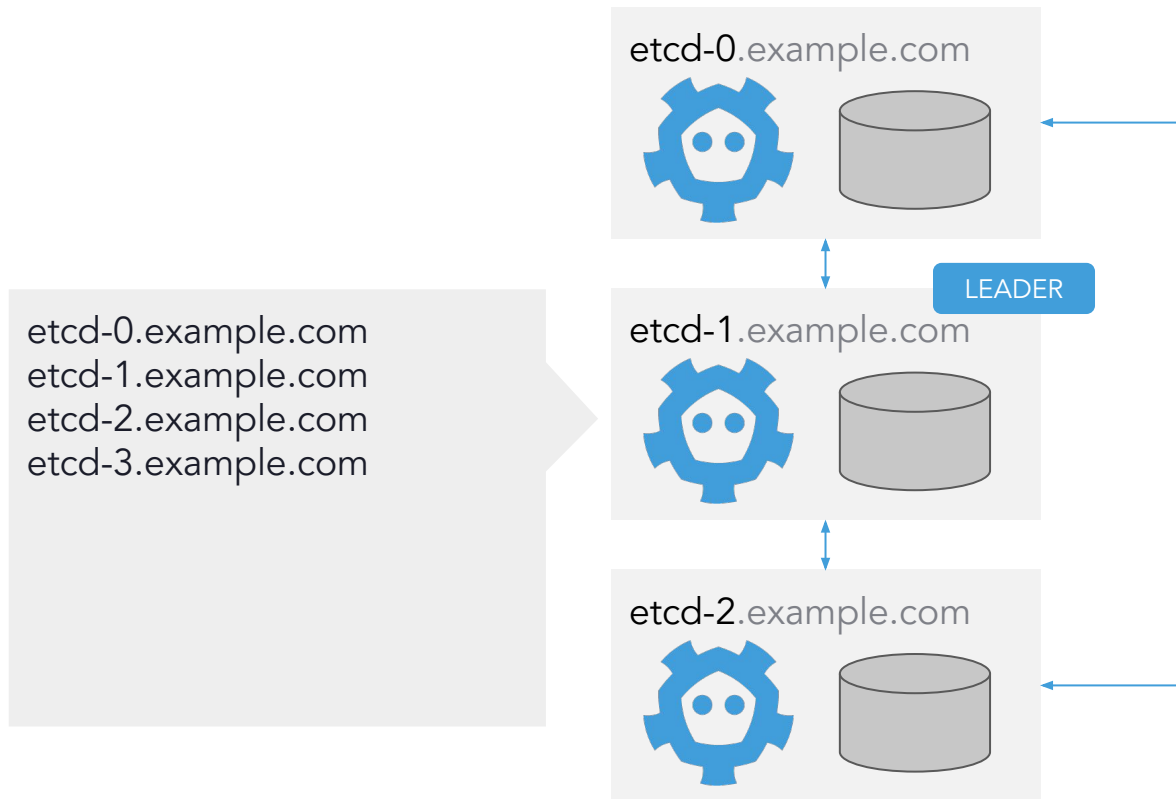


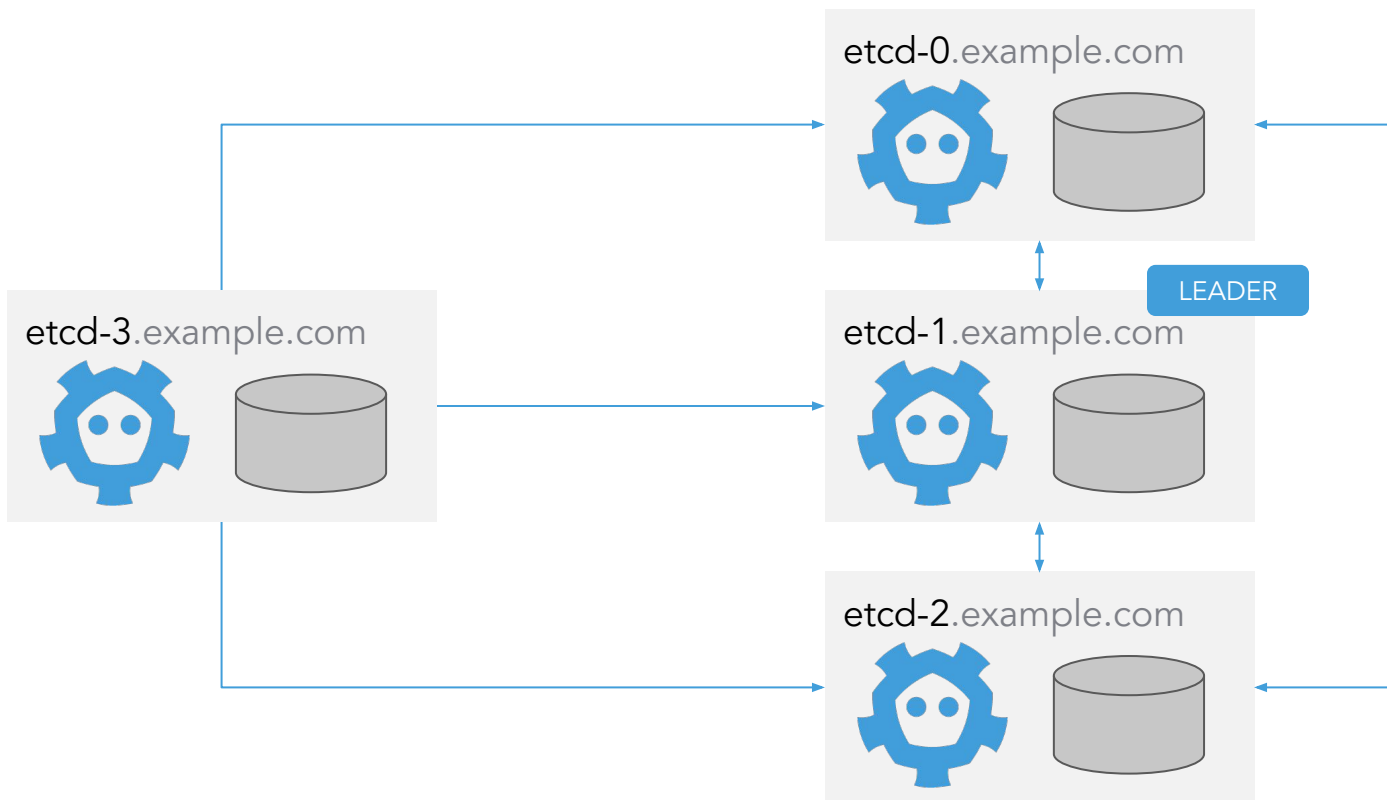


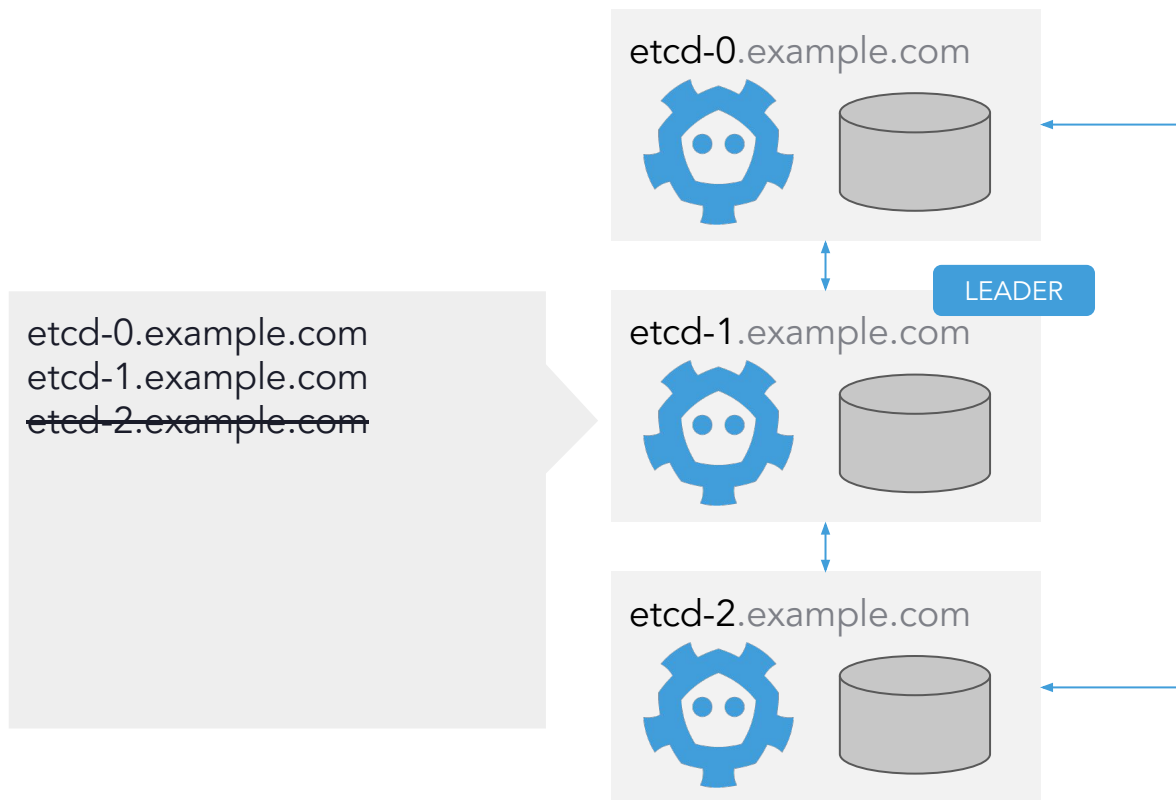
“What about a stateful set?”

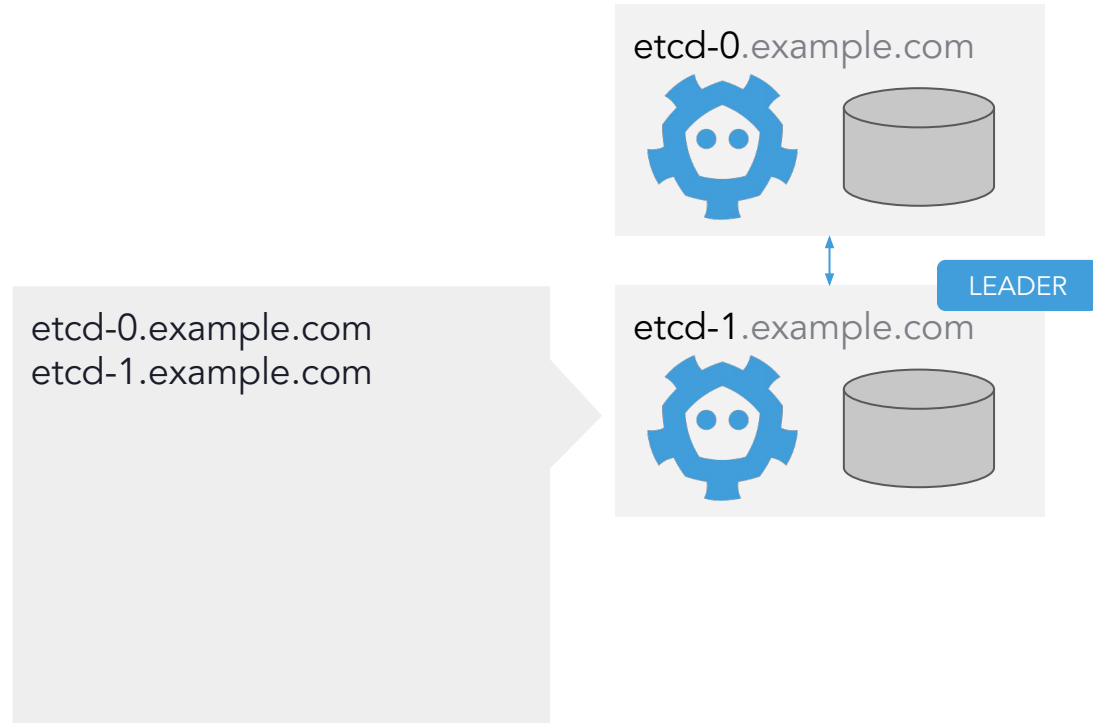


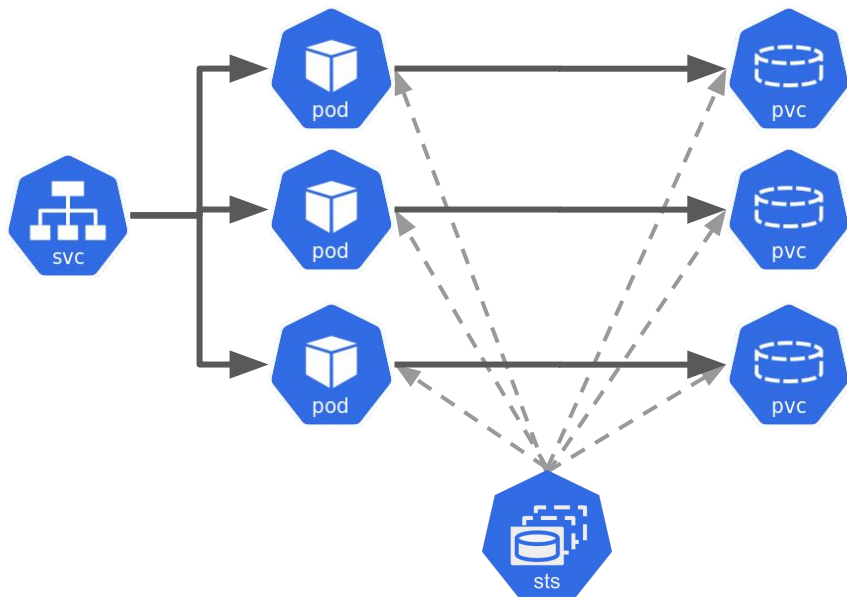










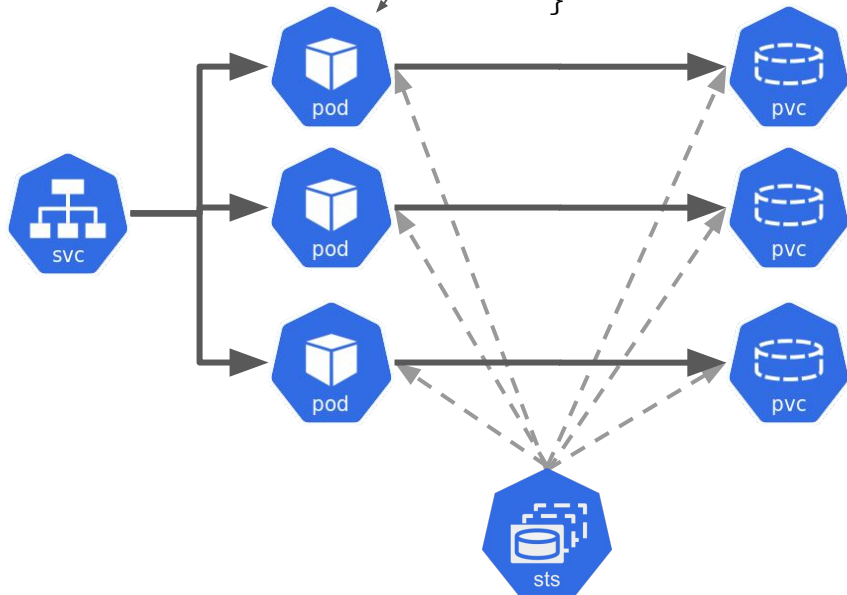


Init container:

```
if !bootstrap and firstLaunch {  
  err := addPeerToEtcd(peer)  
  if err != nil {  
    // Comms failure?  
    fail()  
  }  
  markAsLaunched()  
}
```

Pre-stop hook:

```
err := removePeerFromEtcd(peer)  
if err != nil {  
  // Uhh...  
  // Shut down anyway?  
}
```



```

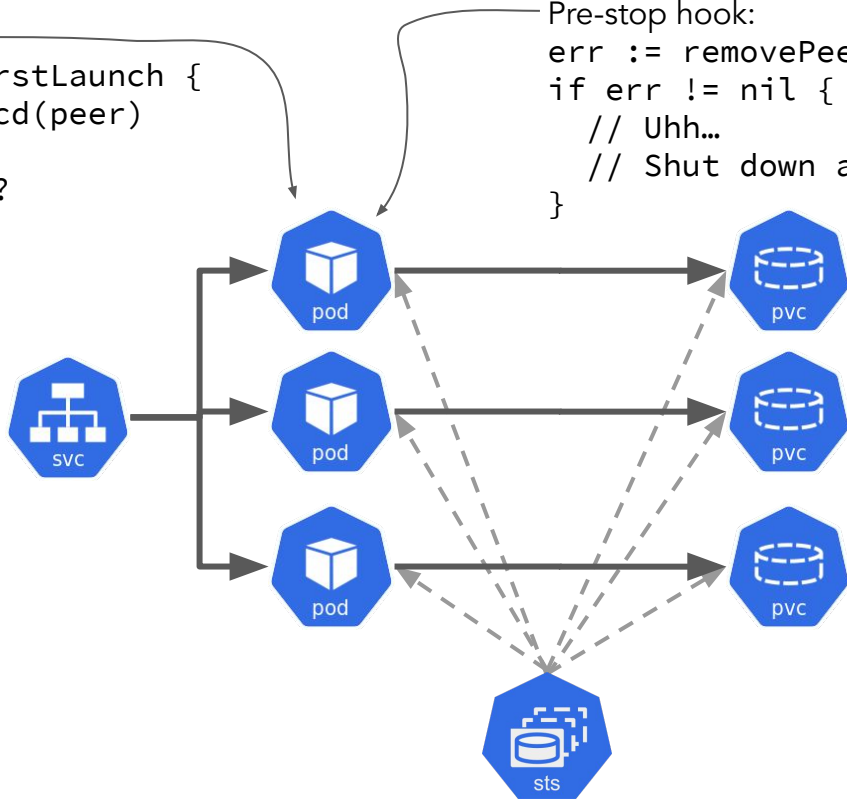
Init container:
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```

```

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if err != nil {
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```



Only if we're really removing a peer, not if we just move the Pod...

```

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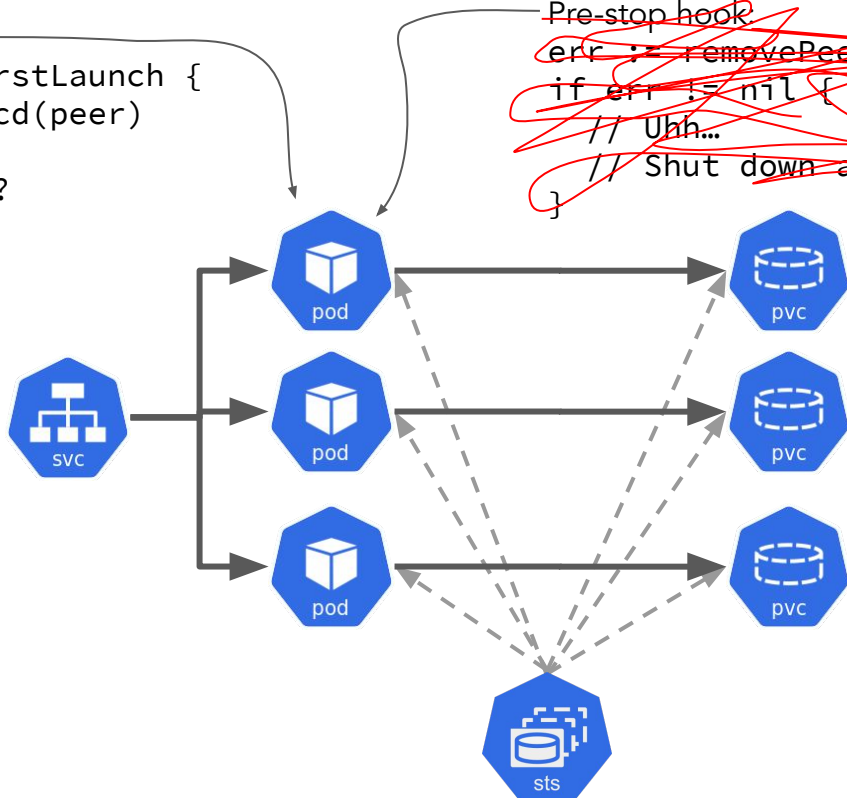
~~Pre-stop hook~~

```

err := removePeerFromEtcd(peer)
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```

Only if we're really removing a peer, not if we just move the Pod...



```

Init container:
if !bootstrap and firstLaunch {
  err := addPeerToEtcd(peer)
  if err != nil {
    // Comms failure?
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  }
  markAsLaunched()
}

```

Detect bootstrap by trying to dial the cluster? What if it's just a comms failure? How do we recover from that?

Detect `firstLaunch` by presence of file on the filesystem? What if we crash halfway through adding ourselves to etcd? Can we retry safely?

```

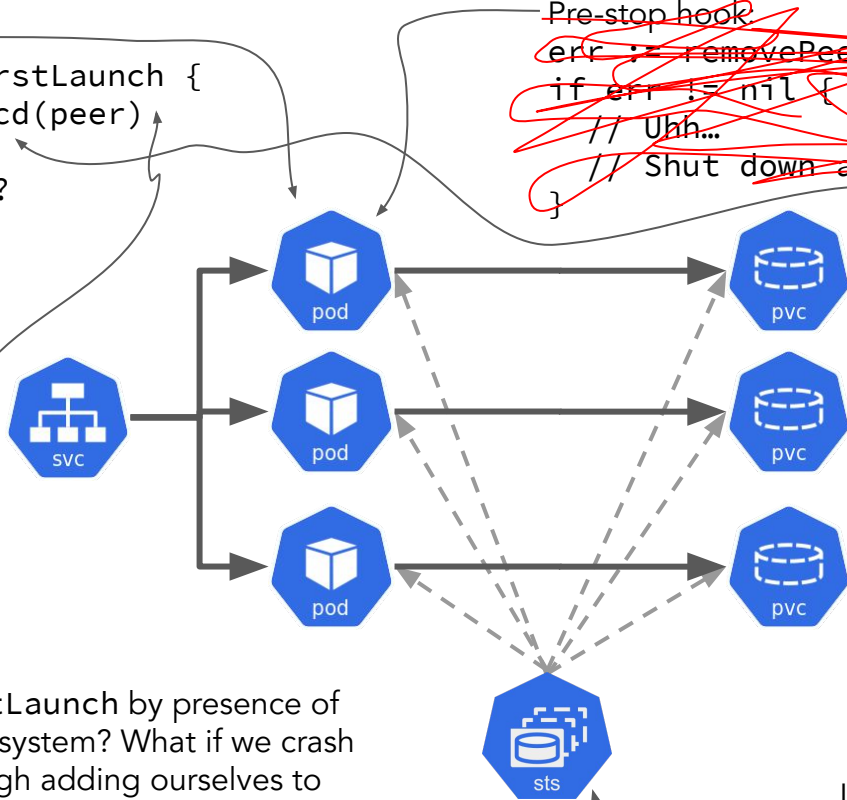
Pre-stop hook
err := removePeerFromEtcd(peer)
if err != nil {
  // Uhh...
  // Shut down anyway?
}

```

Only if we're really removing a peer, not if we just move the Pod...

If we are bootstrapping, how do we determine the domain names of all the other peers? Query the STS to check the size? What if someone scales it while we're bootstrapping? Means the etcd pod needs permissions to list stateful sets...

If we scale to zero do we delete all the PVCs and all the data?





We need an Operator.



“Operators are software extensions to Kubernetes that make use of custom resources to manage applications and their components.”



"The Operator pattern aims to capture the key aim of a human operator [...]

Human operators [...] have deep knowledge of how the system ought to behave, how to deploy it, and how to react if there are problems."



An Operator encodes knowledge.



cert-manager.io



strimzi.io



And many more



An Operator represents human operational knowledge in software, to reliably manage an application.



To demonstrate the Operator concept in running code, we have two concrete examples to announce as open source projects today:

1. The *etcd Operator* creates, configures, and manages etcd clusters. etcd is a reliable, distributed key-value store introduced by CoreOS for sustaining the most critical data in a distributed system, and is the primary configuration datastore of Kubernetes itself.
2. The *Prometheus Operator* creates, configures, and manages Prometheus monitoring instances. Prometheus is a powerful monitoring, metrics, and alerting tool, and a Cloud Native Computing Foundation (CNCF) project supported by the CoreOS team.



“How do you actually build an Operator?”

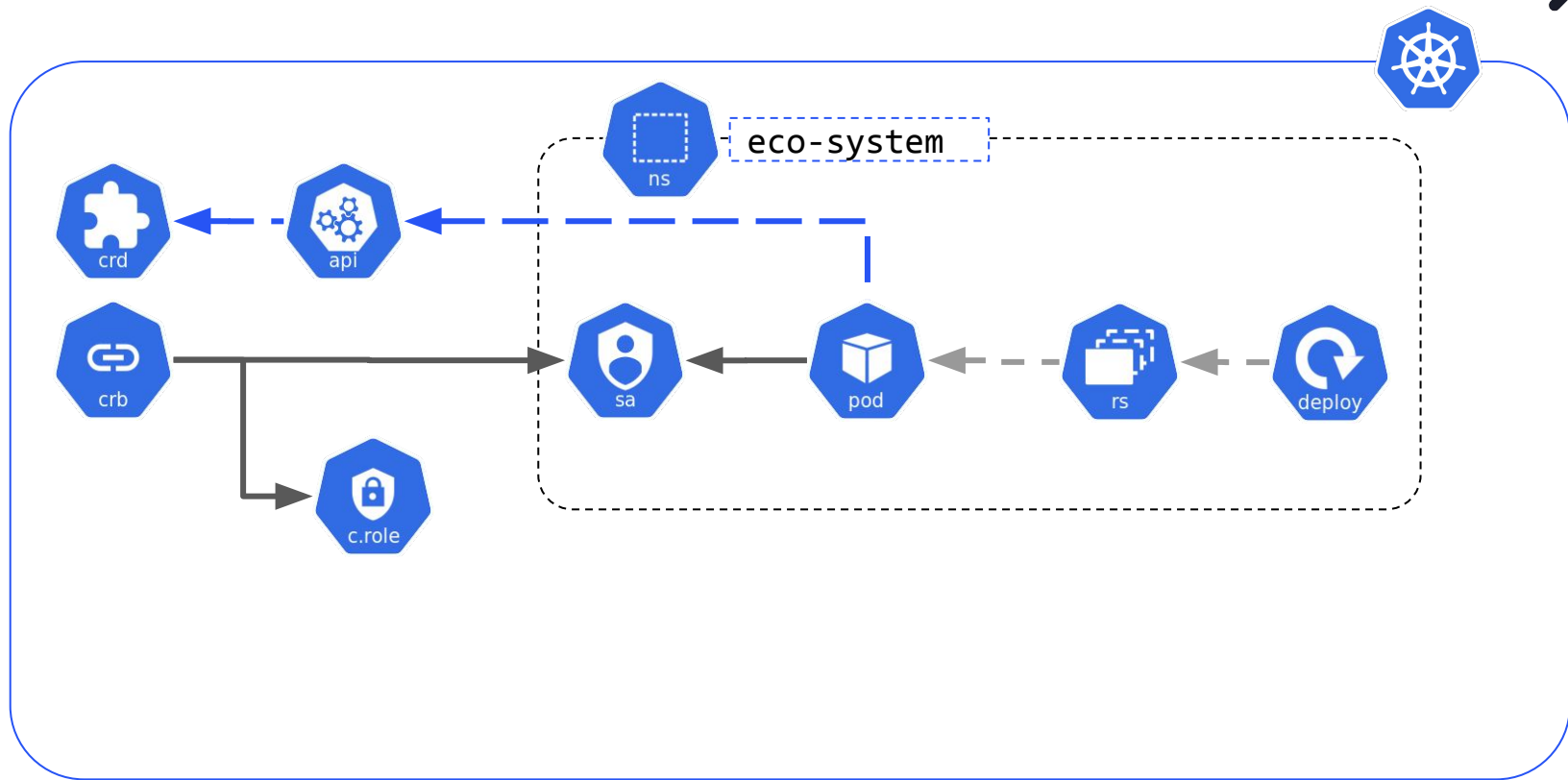


EtcdCluster



```
$ kubectl api-resources
```

NAME	SHORTNAMES	APIGROUP	NAMESPACED	KIND
deployments	deploy	apps	true	Deployment
replicasets	rs	apps	true	ReplicaSet
statefulsets	sts	apps	true	StatefulSet
Pods	po		true	Pod
etcdclusters		etcd.improbable.io	true	EtcdCluster
< many lines omitted >				





```
- apiGroups:
  - etcd.improbable.io
resources:
  - etcdclusters
verbs:
  - get
  - list
  - watch
```

```
- apiGroups:
  - apps
resources:
  - replicaset
verbs:
  - create
  - get
  - list
  - watch
```

```
- apiGroups:
  - ""
resources:
  - services
verbs:
  - create
  - get
  - list
  - watch
```





GO



kubernetes-sigs / kubebuilder

Watch 69 Unstar 2,279 Fork 450

Code Issues 83 Pull requests 4 Actions Projects 3 Wiki Security Insights

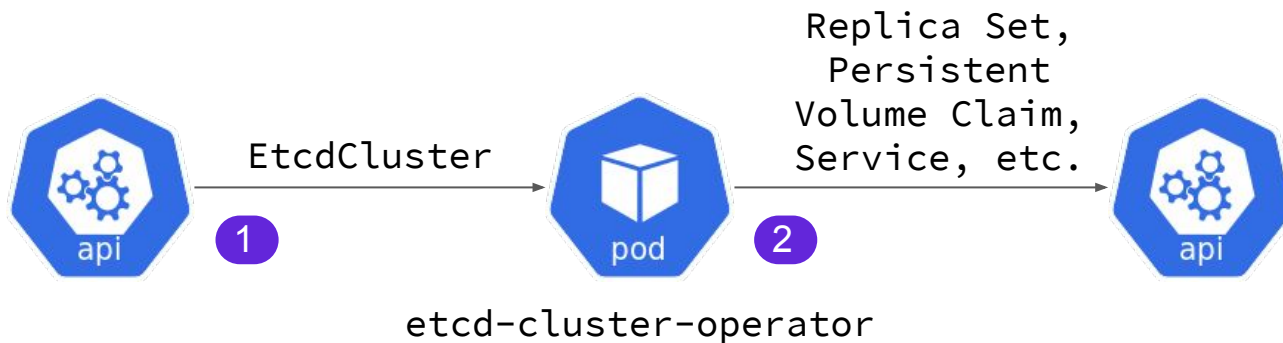
Kubebuilder - SDK for building Kubernetes APIs using CRDs <http://book.kubebuilder.io>

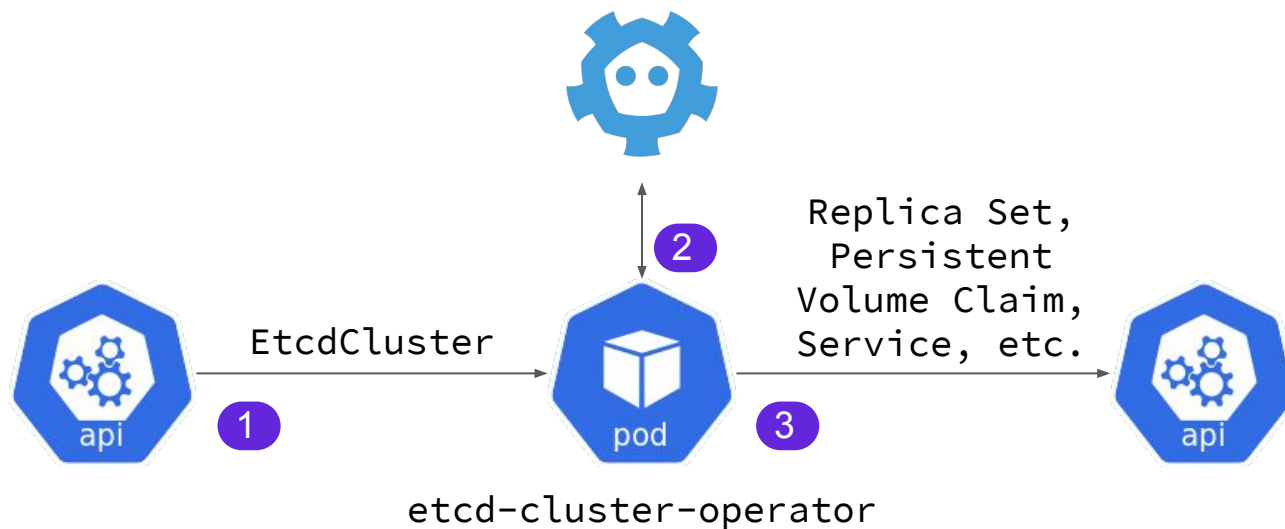
k8s-sig-api-machinery

1,432 commits 8 branches 0 packages 37 releases 133 contributors Apache-2.0



Operator logic



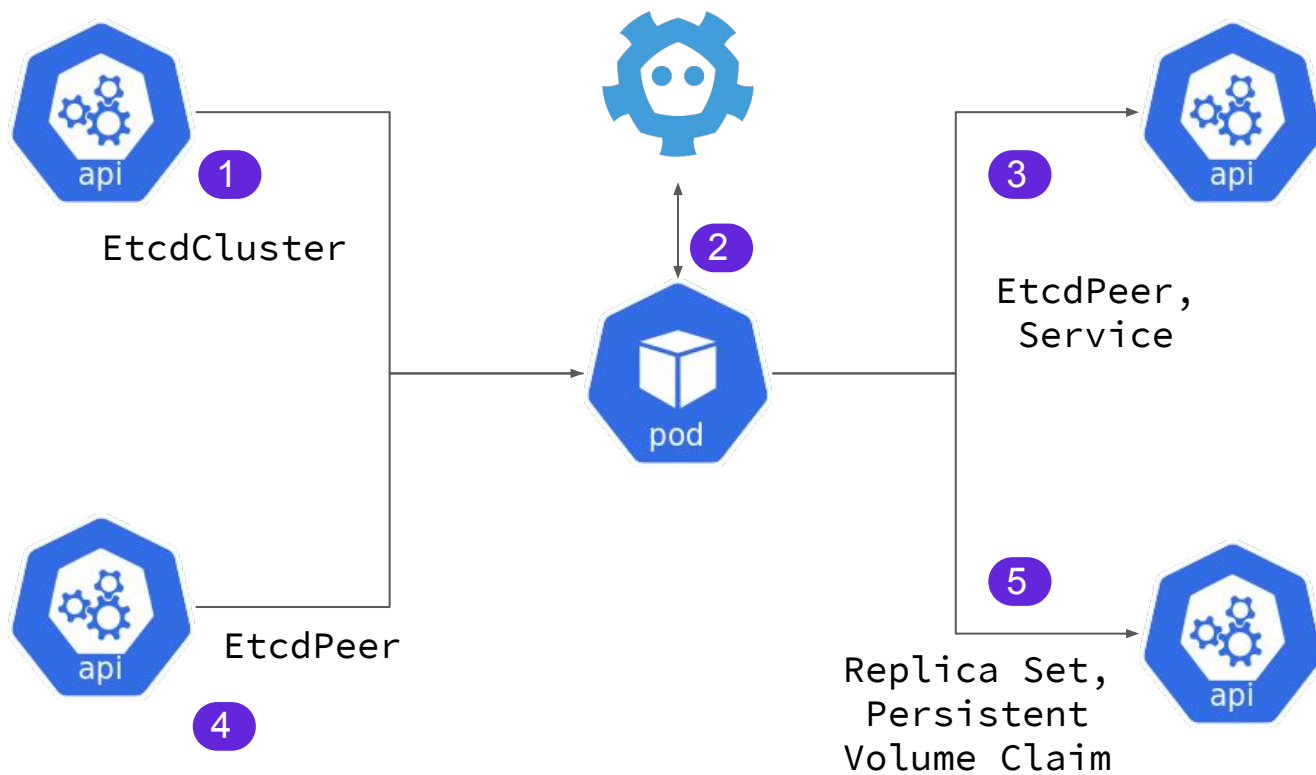




EtcdCluster



EtcdPeer





Design considerations



Be level-triggered.



Do one thing at a time.



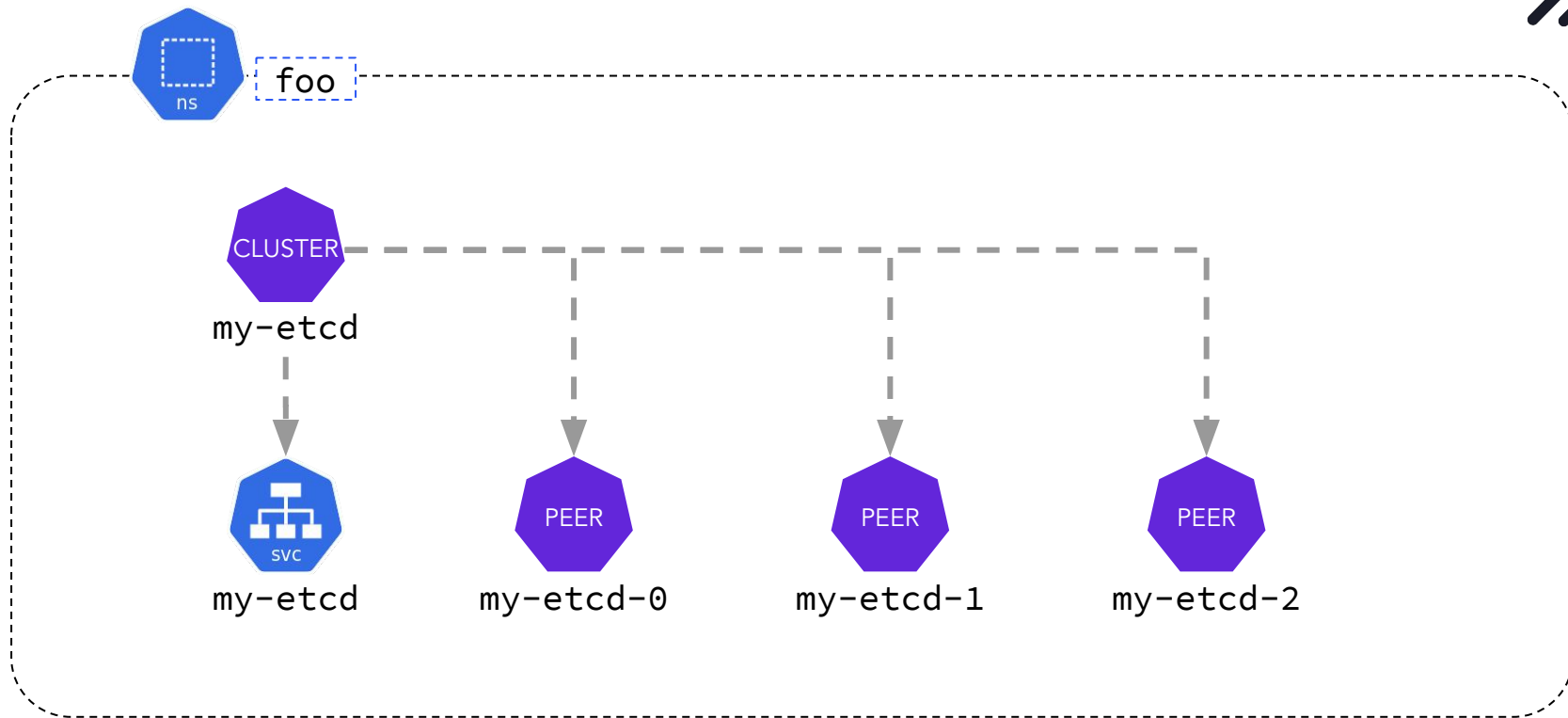
The cache might lie to you.

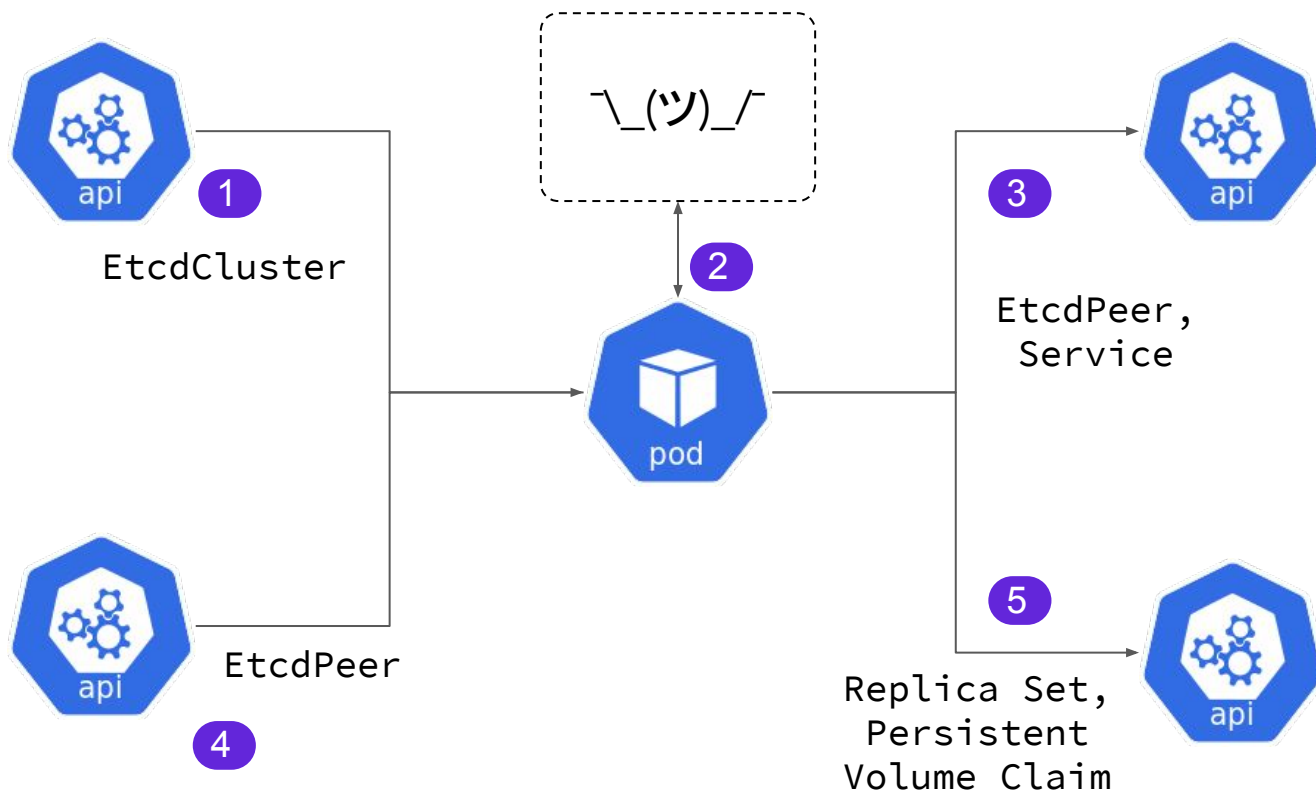


Deploying an etcd Cluster



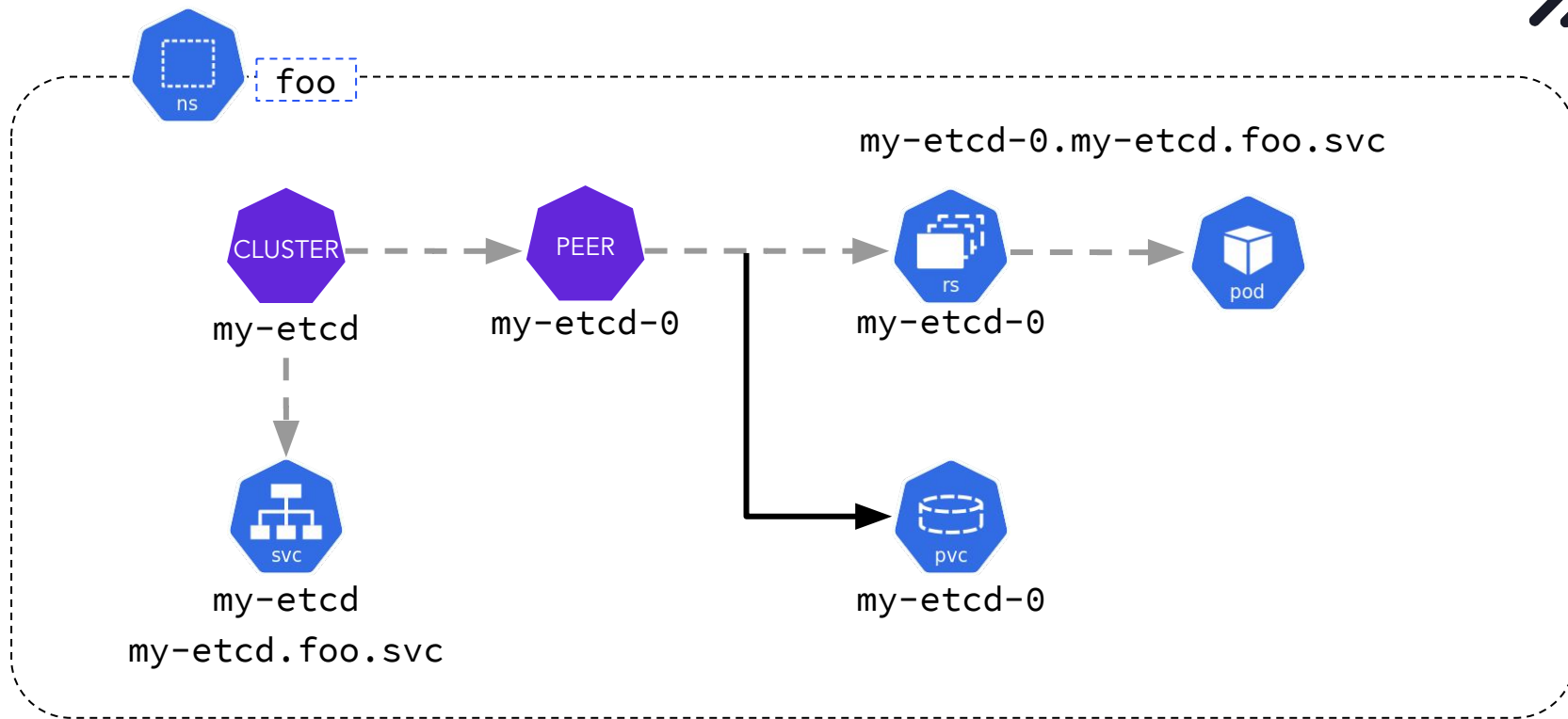
```
apiVersion: etcd.improbable.io/v1alpha1
kind: EtcdCluster
metadata:
  name: my-etcd
  namespace: foo
spec:
  replicas: 3
```





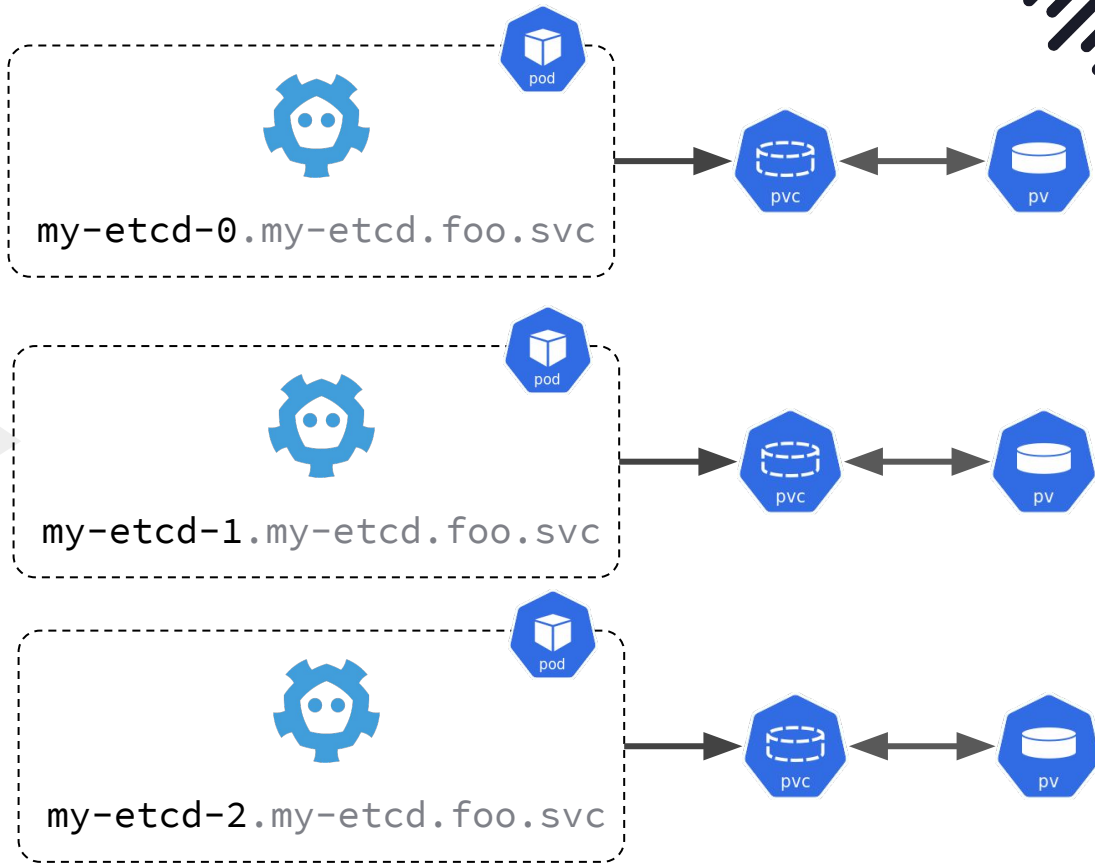


```
apiVersion: etcd.improbable.io/v1alpha1
kind: EtcdPeer
metadata:
  name: my-etcd-0
  Namespace: foo
spec:
  clusterName: my-etcd
  bootstrap:
    initialClusterState: New
    static:
      initialCluster:
        - name: my-etcd-0
          host: my-etcd-0.my-etcd.foo.svc
        - name: my-etcd-1
          host: my-etcd-1.my-etcd.foo.svc
        - name: my-etcd-2
          host: my-etcd-2.my-etcd.foo.svc
```





my-etcd-0.my-etcd.foo.svc
my-etcd-1.my-etcd.foo.svc
my-etcd-2.my-etcd.foo.svc





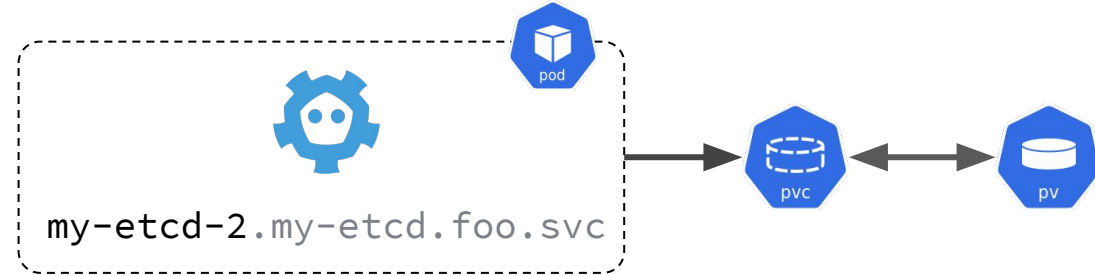
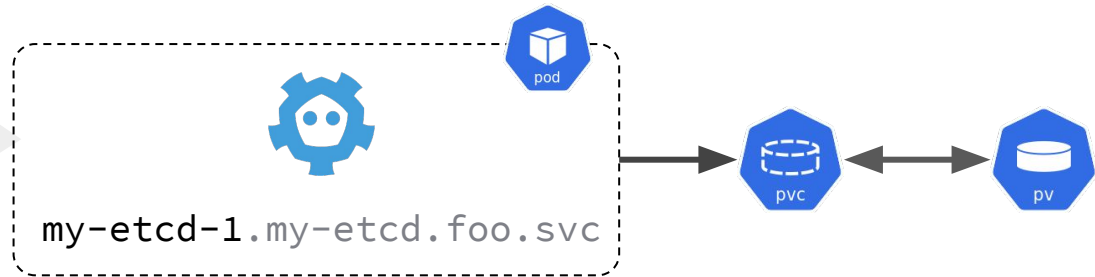
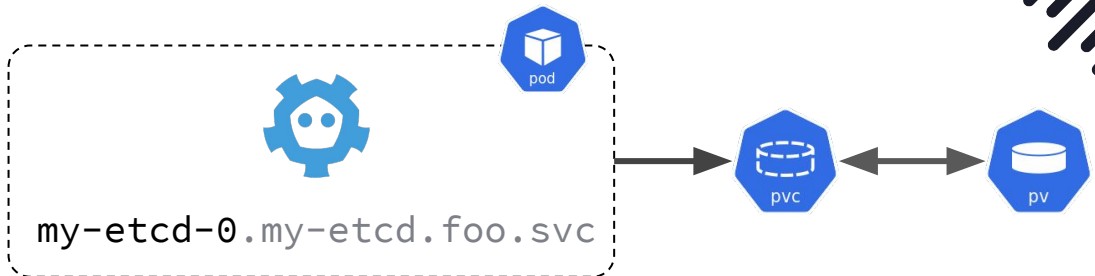
Scale up



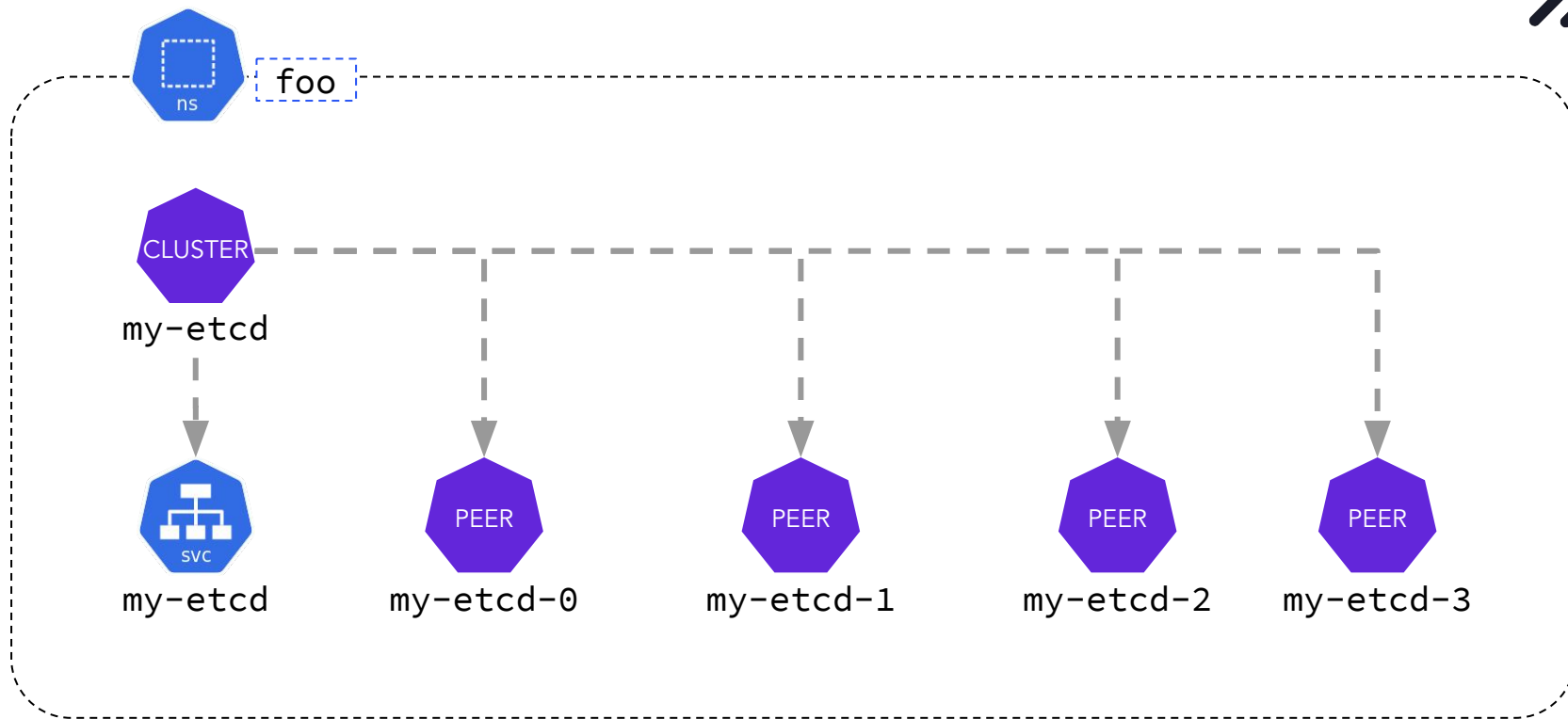
```
apiVersion: etcd.improbable.io/v1alpha1
kind: EtcdCluster
metadata:
  name: my-etcd
spec:
  replicas: 3 5
```



```
$ kubectl scale etcdcluster my-etcd --replicas 5
```

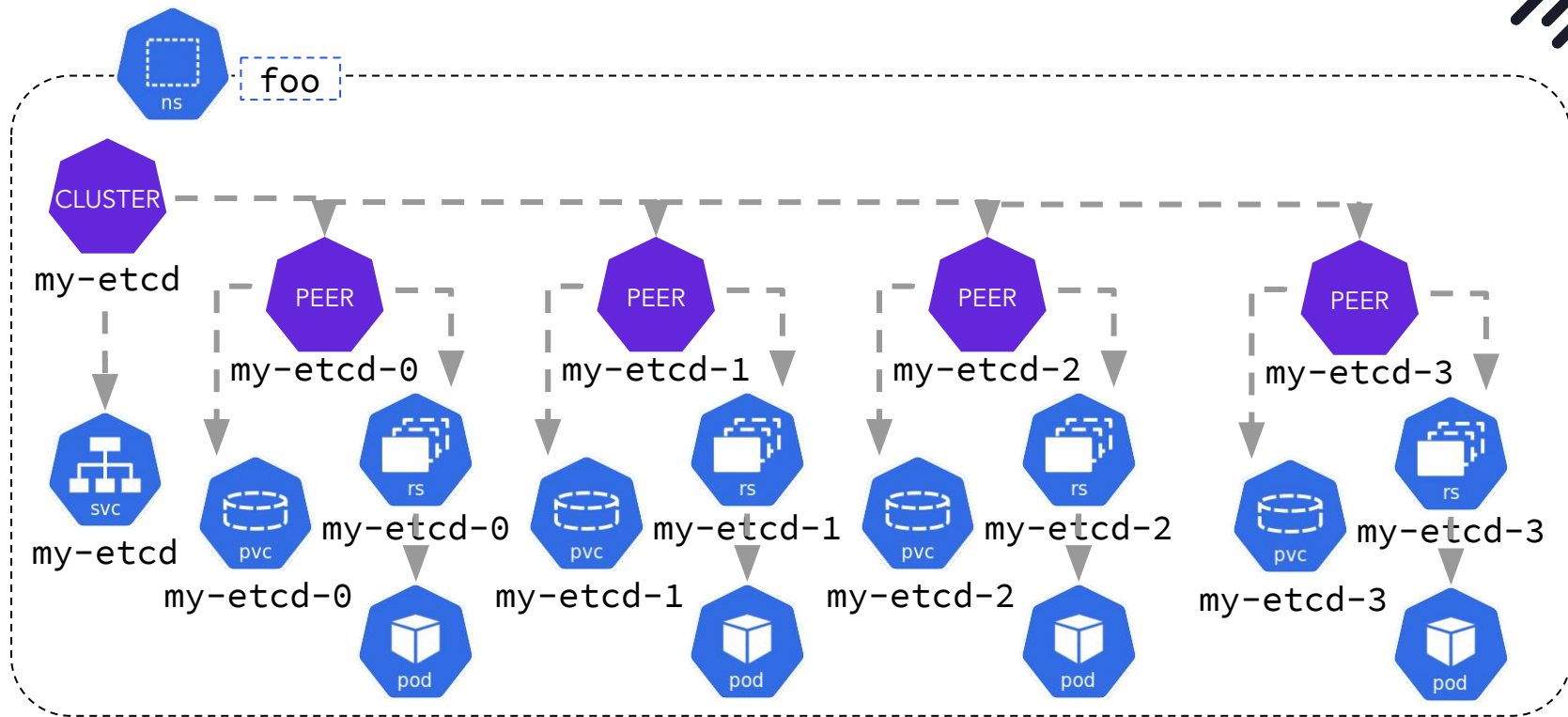


my-etcd-0.my-etcd.foo.svc
my-etcd-1.my-etcd.foo.svc
my-etcd-2.my-etcd.foo.svc
my-etcd-3.my-etcd.foo.svc





```
apiVersion: etcd.improbable.io/v1alpha1
kind: EtcdPeer
metadata:
  name: my-etcd-3
  namespace: foo
spec:
  clusterName: my-etcd
  bootstrap:
    initialClusterState: Existing
    static:
      initialCluster:
        - name: my-etcd-0
          host: my-etcd-0.my-etcd.foo.svc
        - name: my-etcd-1
          host: my-etcd-1.my-etcd.foo.svc
        - name: my-etcd-2
          host: my-etcd-2.my-etcd.foo.svc
        - name: my-etcd-3
          host: my-etcd-3.my-etcd.foo.svc
```





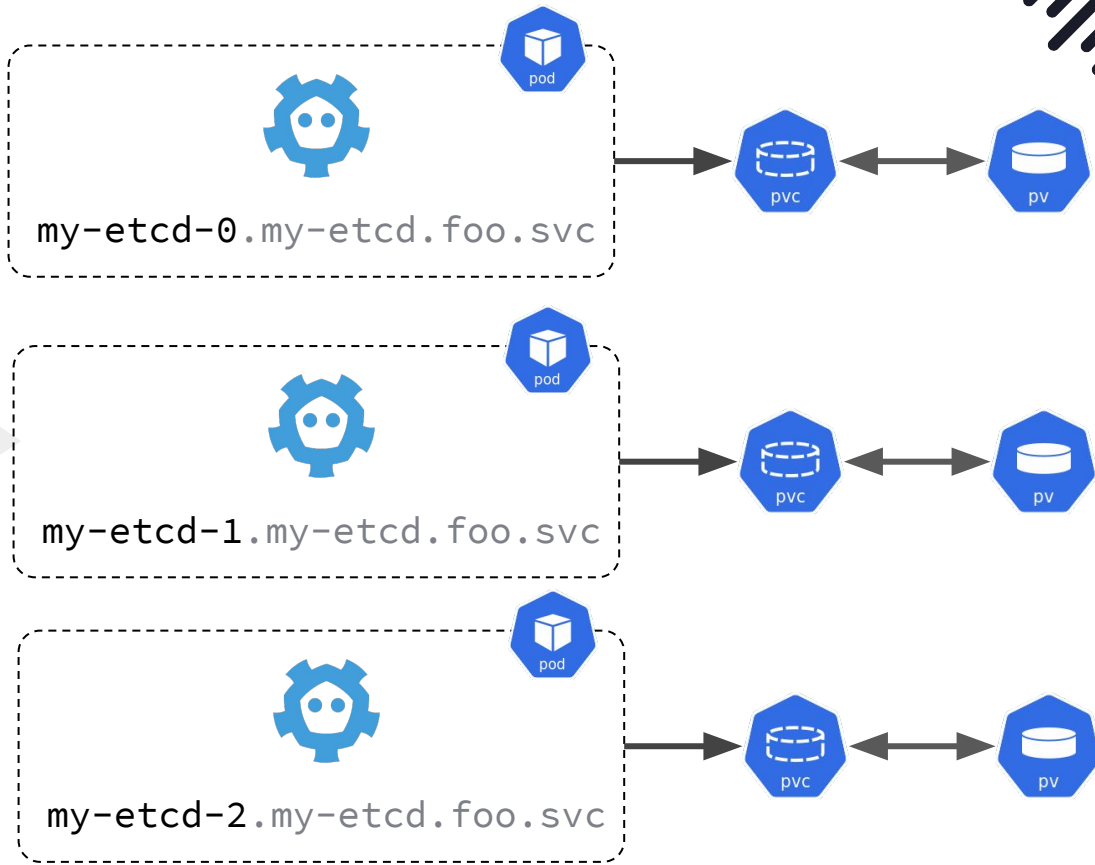
Scale down

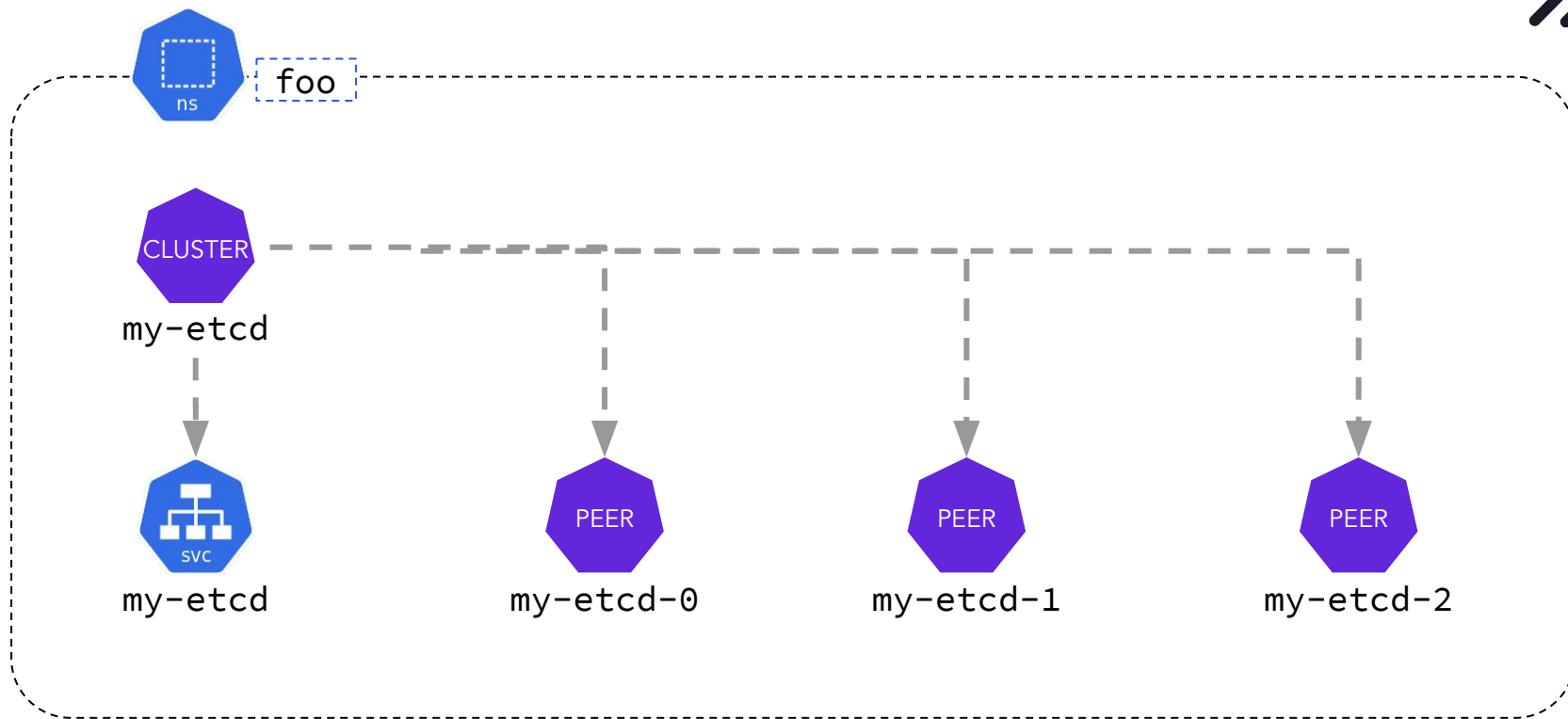


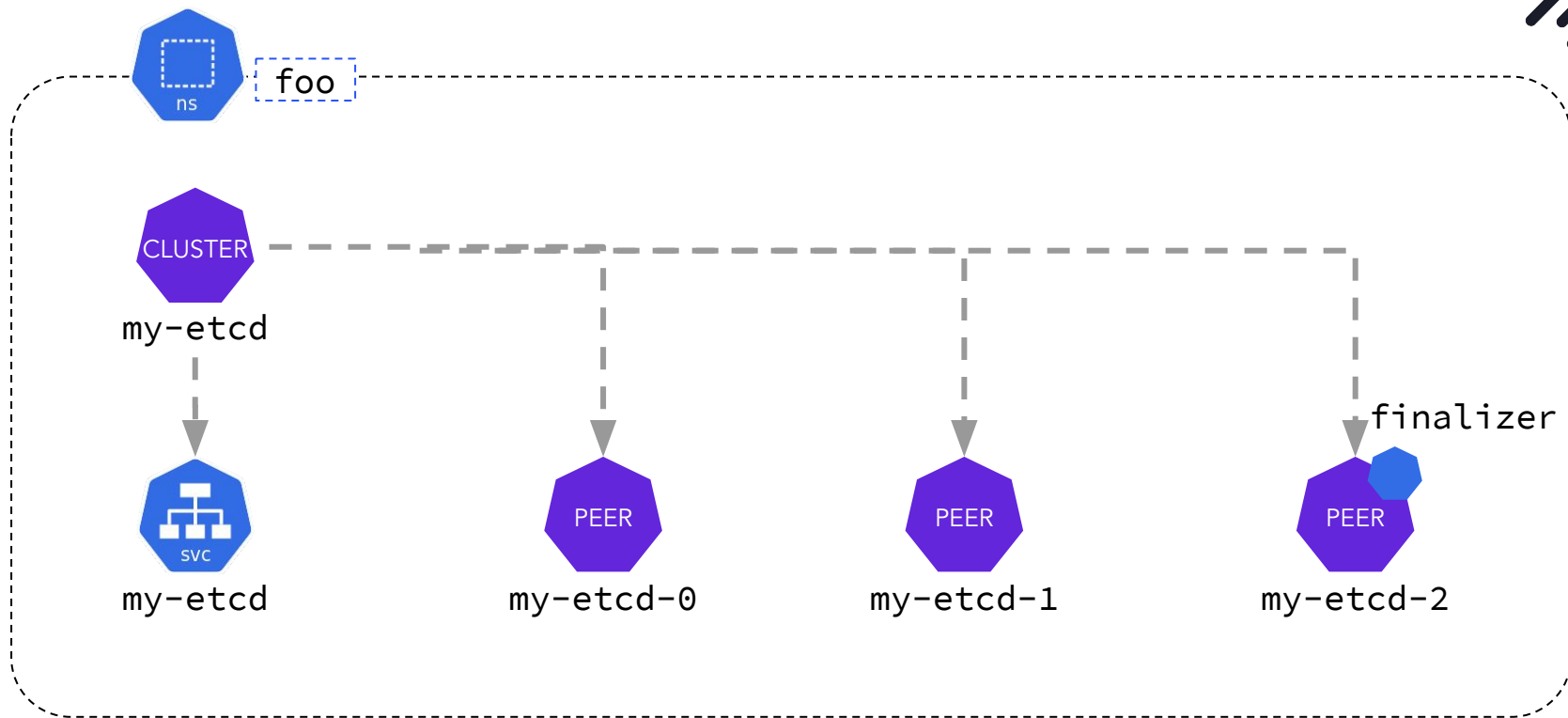
```
$ kubectl scale etcdcluster my-etcd --replicas 1
```

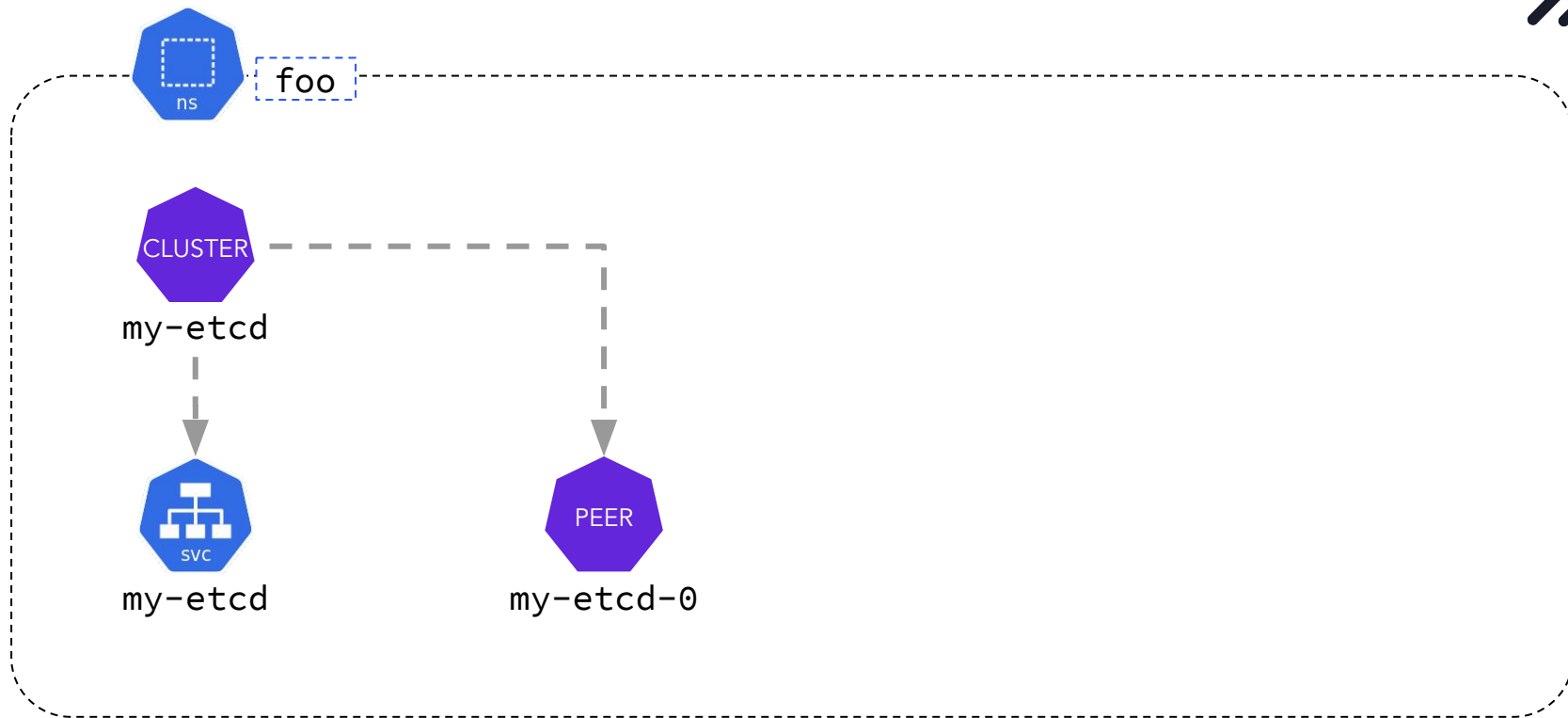


my-etcd-0.my-etcd.foo.svc
my-etcd-1.my-etcd.foo.svc
~~my-etcd-2.my-etcd.foo.svc~~









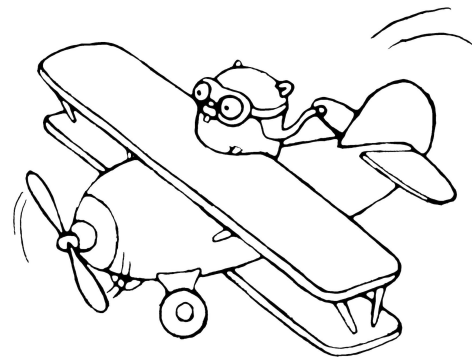


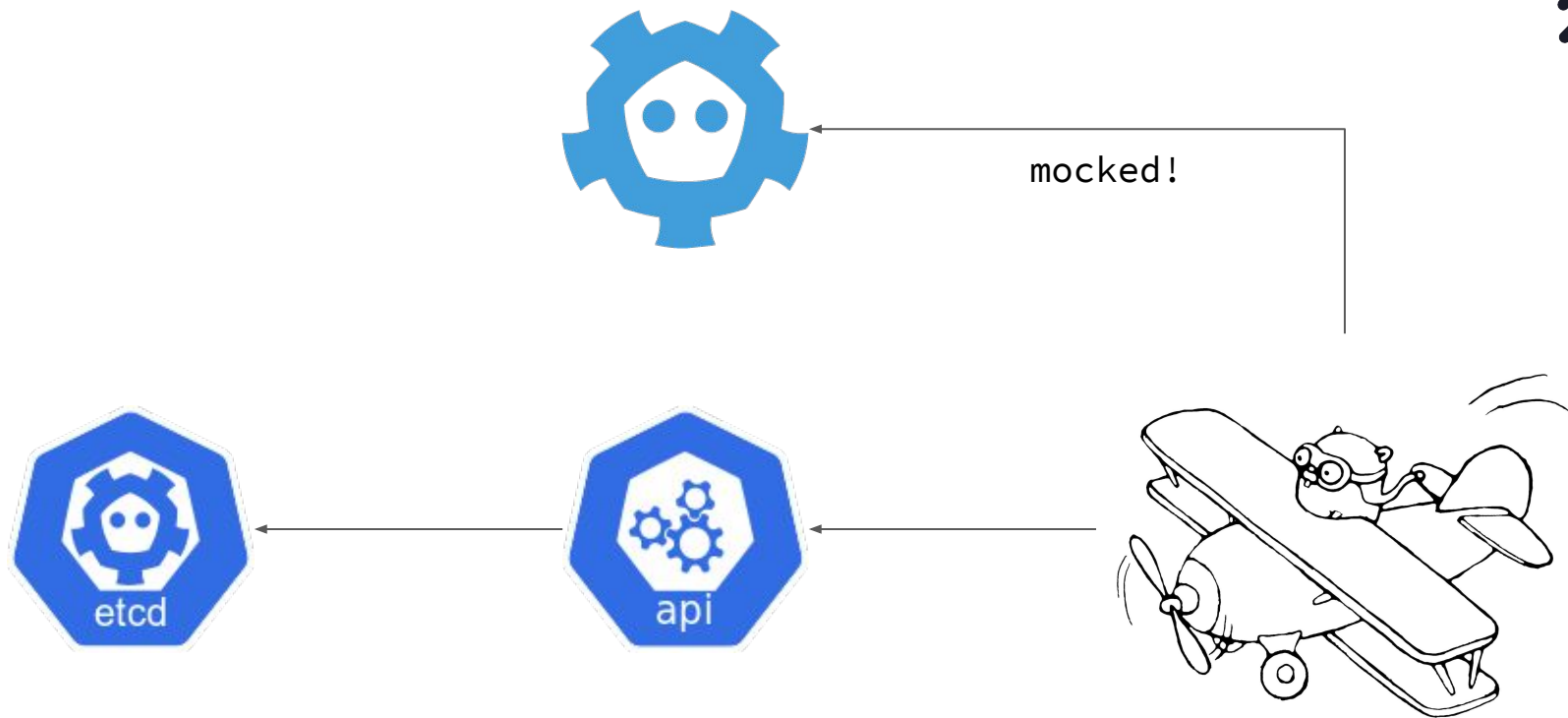
Other features

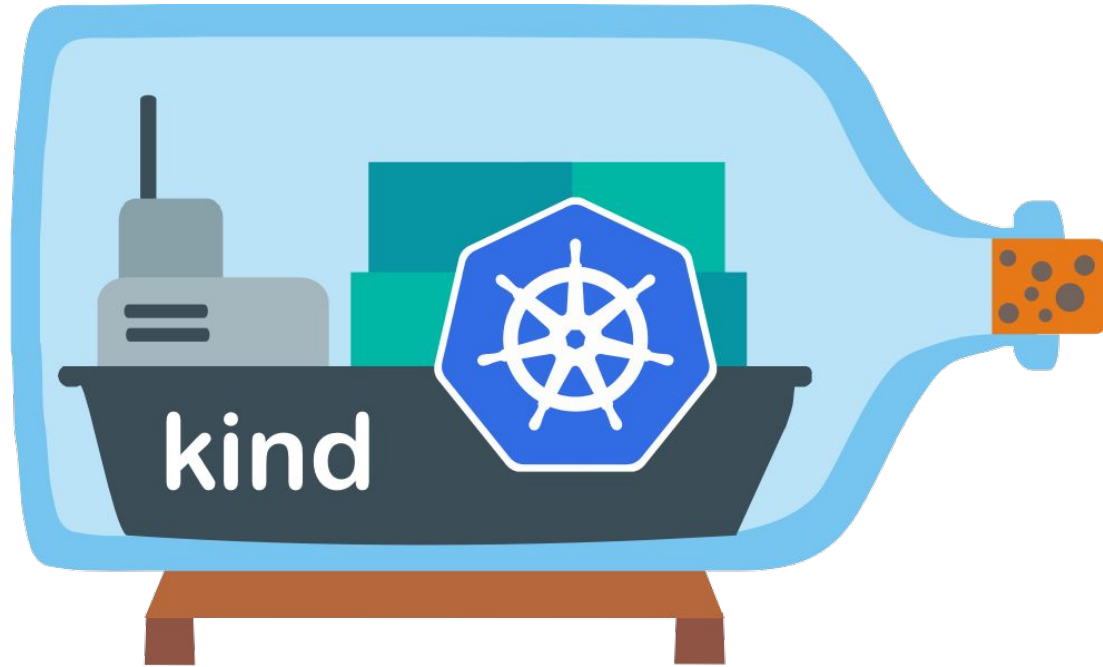
- Version upgrade
- Backup
- Restore

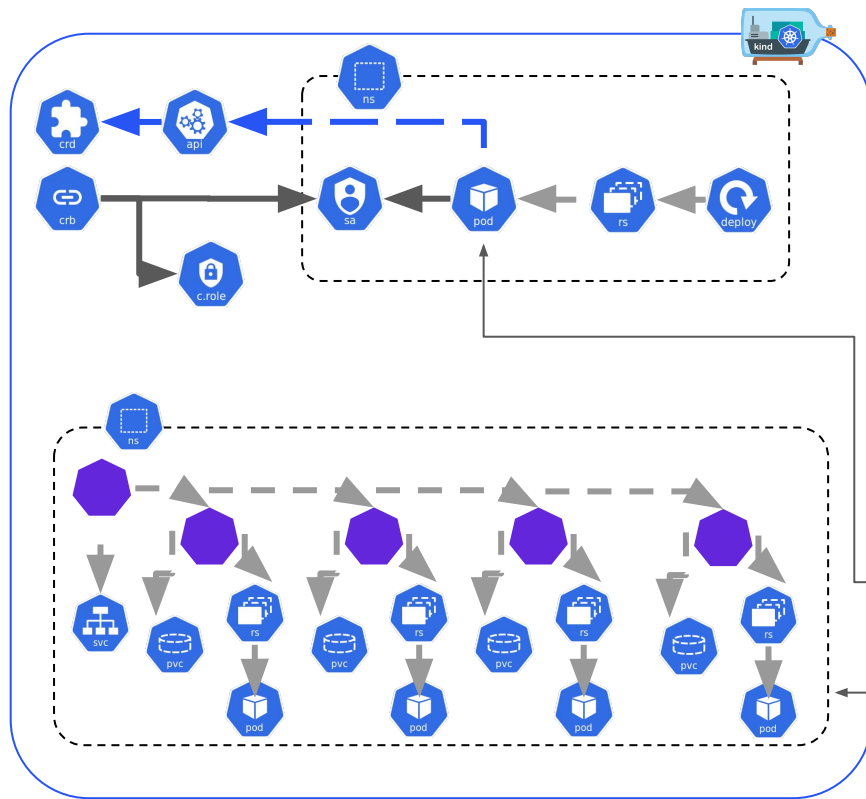


Testing



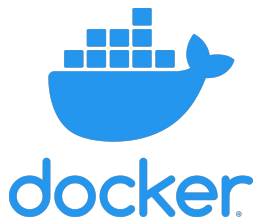






\$ kind create cluster

1



2

\$ docker build .

3 Load images & deploy operator

4

Deploy an EtcdCluster and assert on behaviour





What did we learn?



Operators provide value for applications with complex run-books.



Operators expose application specific APIs that work with existing tooling.



You can build an Operator in any stack,
but Go was right for us.



You can end-to-end test Operators on
your laptop with kind.



github.com/improbable-eng/etcd-cluster-operator

Questions?



Thank you.

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[@JetstackHQ](https://twitter.com/JetstackHQ)

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