

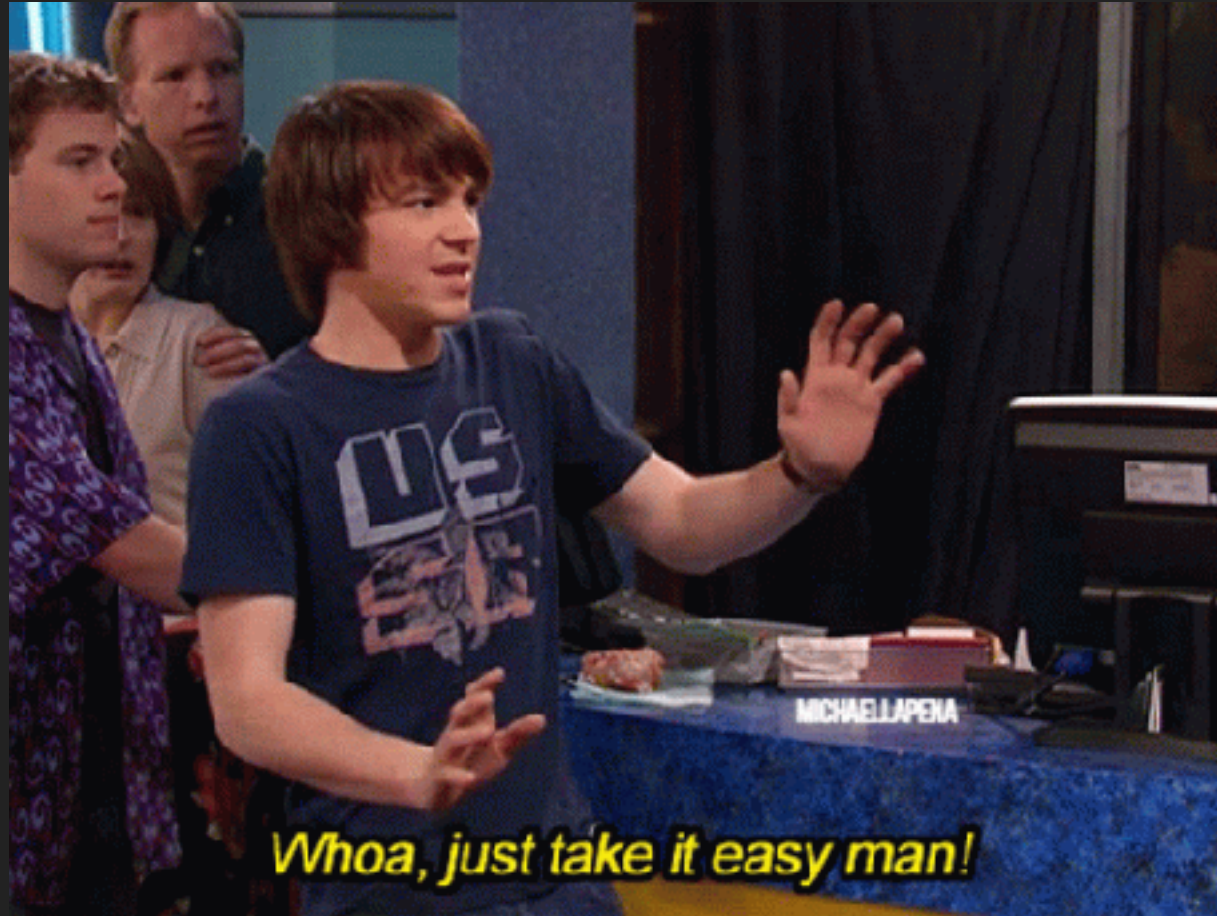
A glass prism is positioned at the top center, refracting a beam of light into a vibrant spectrum of colors (red, orange, yellow, green, blue, violet) that stretches diagonally across the frame. The background is dark, and the light rays create a dramatic, high-contrast effect.

Security Vulnerabilities Decomposition

Katy Anton

OWASP Top 10

When the report is published



Katy Anton

- Software development background
- Project co-leader for OWASP Top 10 Proactive Controls (@OWASPControls)
- Principle Application Security Consultant



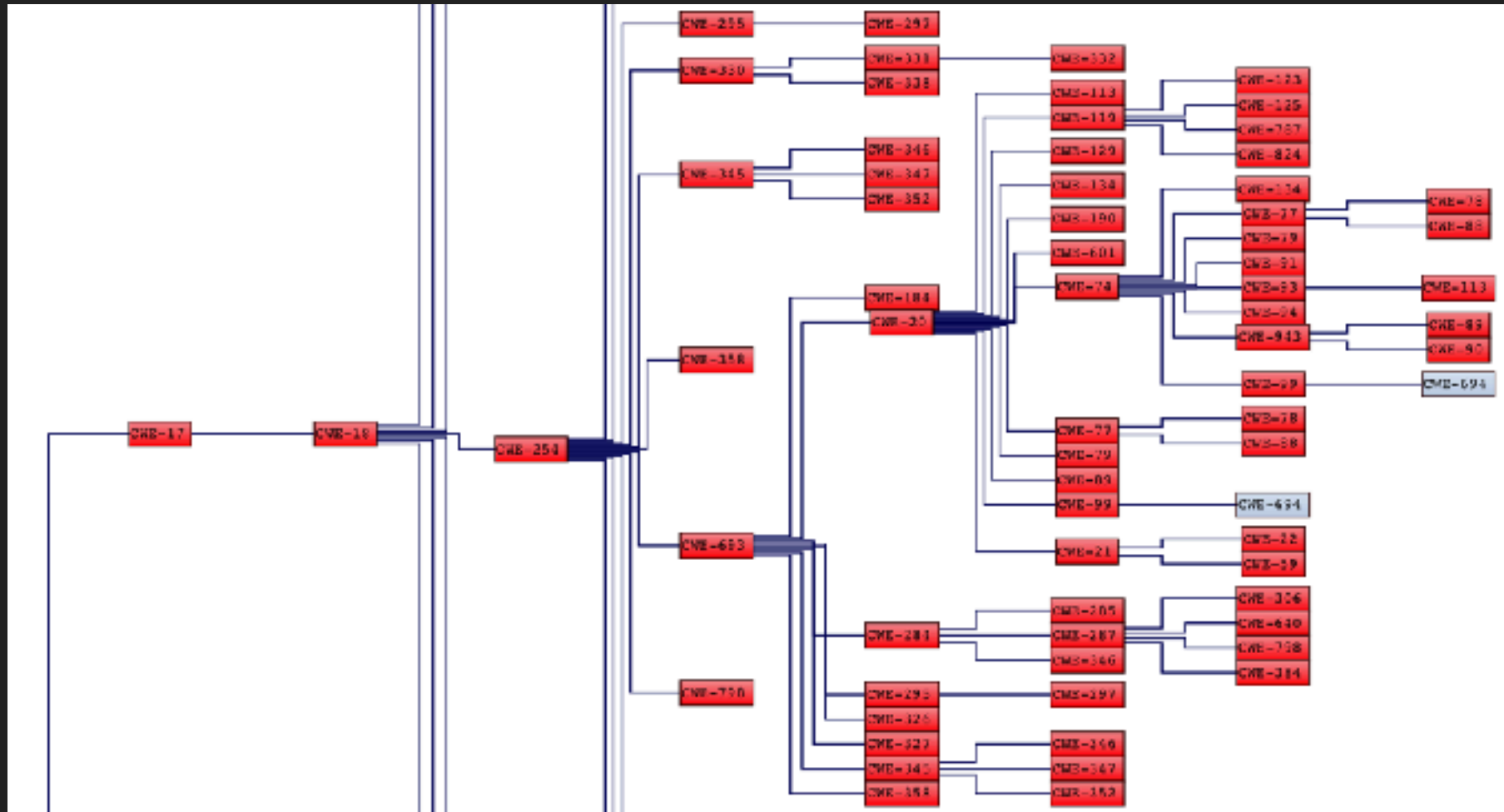
Common Weakness Enumeration

A formal list for of software security weaknesses in:

- *architecture*
- *design*
- *code*

Source: <https://cwe.mitre.org/>

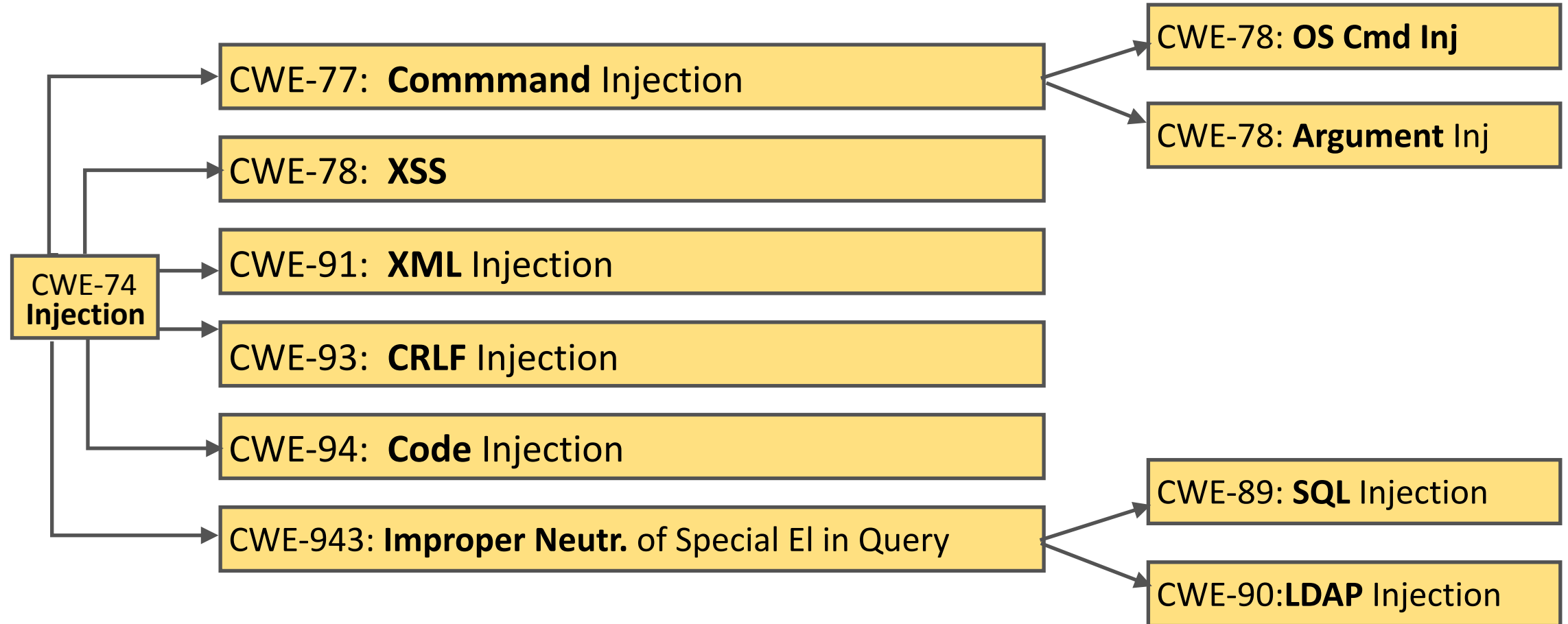
NVD: CWE Categories



Source: <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/categories/cwe-layout>

Injection Category

CWEs in Injection Category



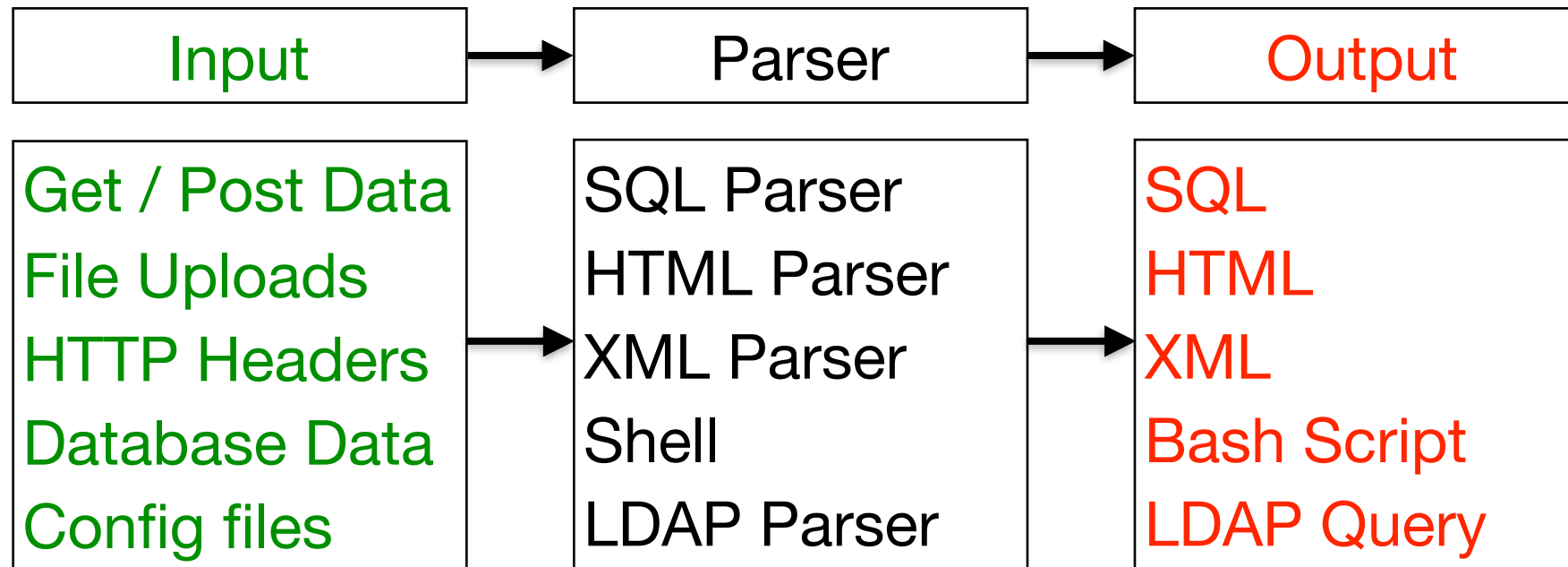
Source: NVD



Is there another way to look at it?

Decompose the Injection

Data interpreted as Code



Extract Security Controls



Vulnerability	Encode Output	Parameterize	Validate Input
XSS	✓		✓
SQL Injection		✓	✓
XML Injection	✓		✓
Code Injection	✓		✓
LDAP Injection	✓		✓
Cmd Injection		✓	✓

Primary Controls

Defence in depth

Intrusions

(or lack of Intrusion Detection)

*If a pen tester is able to **get into a system** without being **detected**, then there is **insufficient logging and monitoring** in place*

Security Controls: Security Logging

*The security control developers can use to **log security information** during the **runtime** operation of an application.*

The 6 Best Types of **Detection** Points

Good attack identifiers:

1. Authorisation failures
2. Authentication failures
3. Client-side input validation bypass
4. Whitelist input validation failures
5. Obvious code injection attack
6. High rate of function use

Examples of Intrusion Detection Points

Request Exceptions

- Application receives GET when expecting POST
- Additional form /URL parameters

Examples of Intrusion Detection Points

Authentication Exceptions

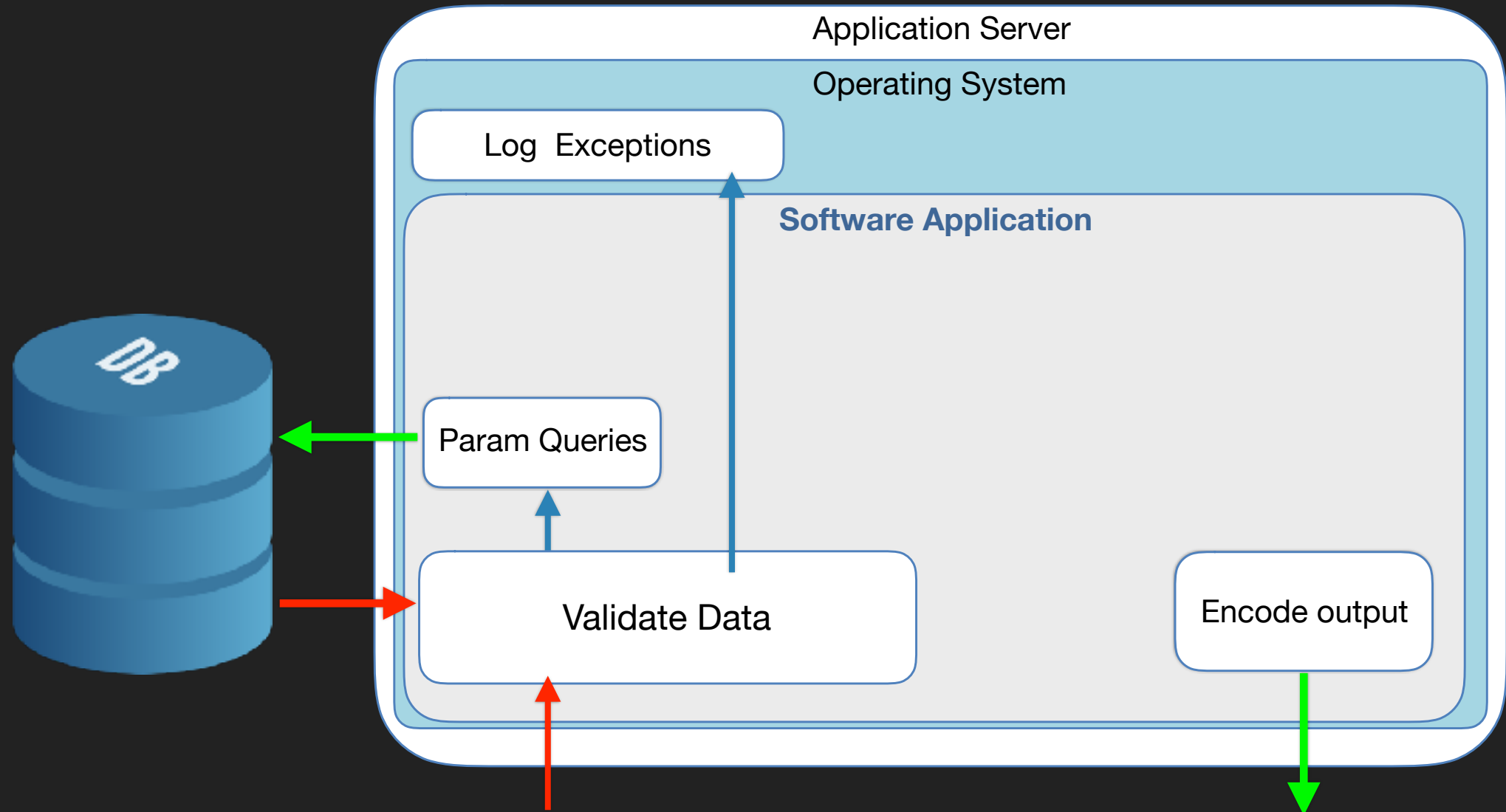
- Additional variables received during an authentication like 'admin=true'
- Providing only one of the credentials
The user submits POST request which only contains the username variable. The password was removed.

Examples of Intrusion Detection Points

Input Exceptions

- Input validation failure on server despite client side validation
- Input validation failure on server side on non-user editable parameters
 - e.g: hidden fields, checkboxes, radio buttons, etc

Secure Data Handling: Basic Workflow



Sensitive Data Exposure

Data at Rest and in Transit

Data

Data Types	Encryption	Hashing
Data at Rest : Requires initial value E.q: credit card	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Data at Rest : Doesn't require initial value E.q: user passwords		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Data in Transit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Data at Rest: Design Vulnerability example

How Not to Do it !

In the same folder - 2 file:

```
encrypted-password.txt  
password-entities.txt
```

The content of password.txt:

```
cryptography.seed=abcd  
cryptography.salt=12345  
cryptography.iterations=1000
```



```
encryption_key = PBKF2(psswd, salt, iterations, key_length);
```

Encryption: Security Controls

Strong Encryption Algorithm: AES

Key Management

- Store unencrypted keys away from the encrypted data.
- Protect keys in a Key Vault (Hashicorp Vault / Amazon KMS)
- Keep away from home grown key management solutions.
- Define a key lifecycle.
- Build support for changing algorithms and keys when needed
- Document procedures for managing keys through the lifecycle

Source: https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Cryptographic_Storage_Cheat_Sheet.html

Data in Transit: Security Controls



Third Party Components

Using Software Components with Known Vulnerabilities

State of Software Security

Apps with at least 1 vulnerable component:

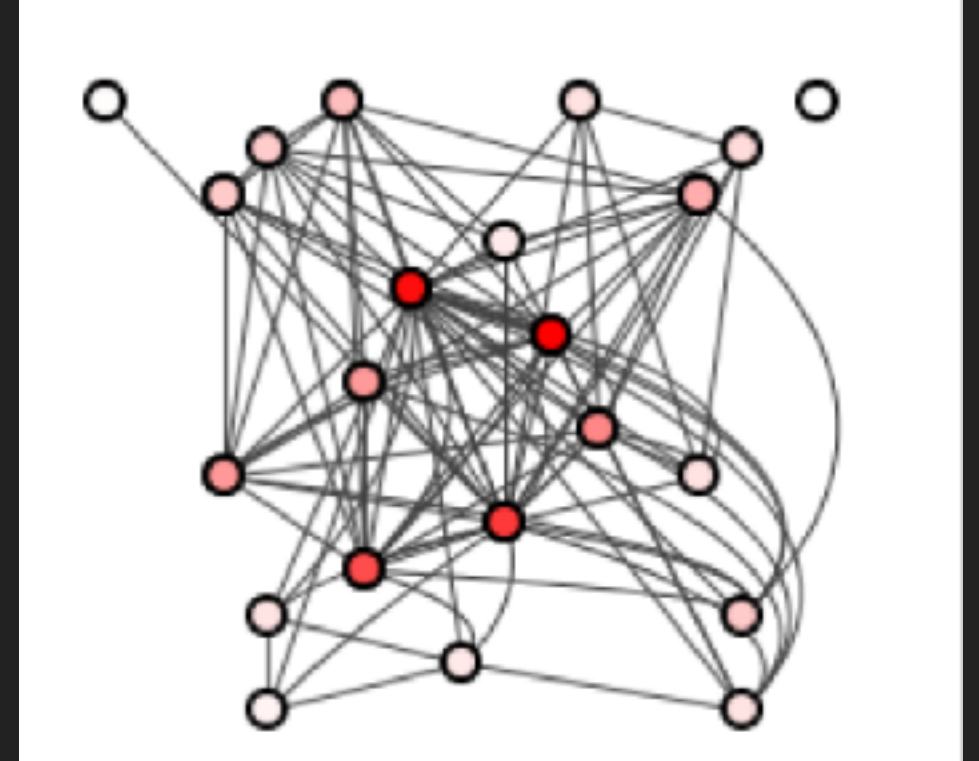
- 85.7% of .Net applications
- 92% of C++ applications



Source: <https://www.veracode.com/state-of-software-security-report>

Root Cause

- Difficult to understand
- Easy to break
- Difficult to test
- Difficult to upgrade
- Increase technical debt



What is **Attack Surface**?

Sum of the total different points through which a malicious actor can try to **enter data into** or **extract data from** an environment.



Fundamental Security Principle

Minimize the attack surface area

Components Examples

Example of external components:

- **Open source** libraries - for example: a logging library
- **APIs** - for example: vendor APIs
- **Packages** by another team within same company

Example 1: Implement **Logging Library**

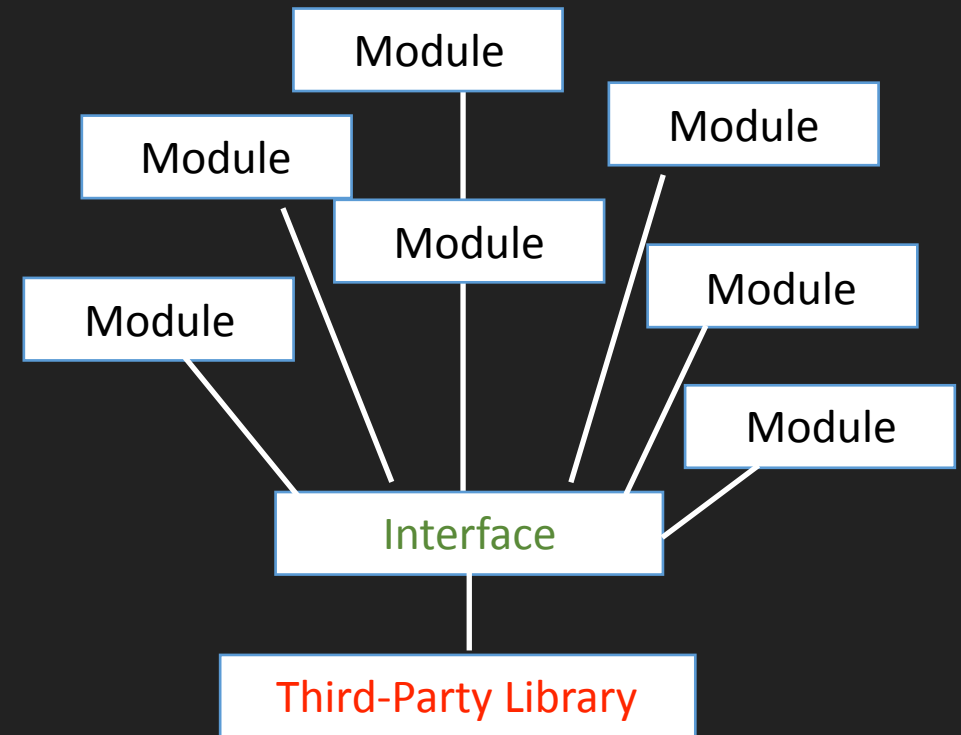
- Third-party - provides logging levels:
- FATAL, ERROR, WARN, INFO, DEBUG.

- We need only:
- DEBUG, WARN, INFO.

Simple Wrapper

Helps to:

- Expose only the functionality required.
- Hide unwanted behaviour.
- Reduce the attack surface area.
- Update or replace libraries.
- Reduce the technical debt.



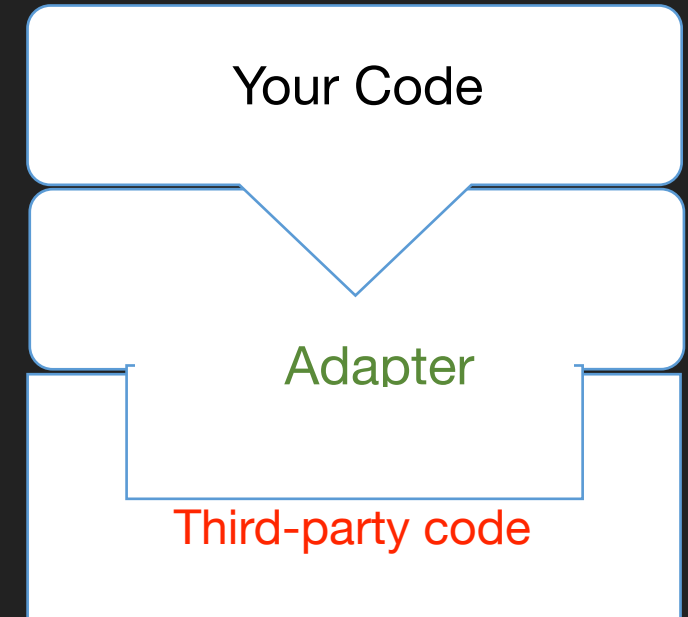
Example 2: Implement a **Payment Gateway**

Scenario:

- Vendor APIs - like payment gateways
- Can have more than payment gateway one in application
- Require to be inter-changed

Adapter Design Pattern

- **Converts** from provided interface to the required interface.
- A single Adapter interface can work with **many** Adaptees.
- **Easy** to maintain.

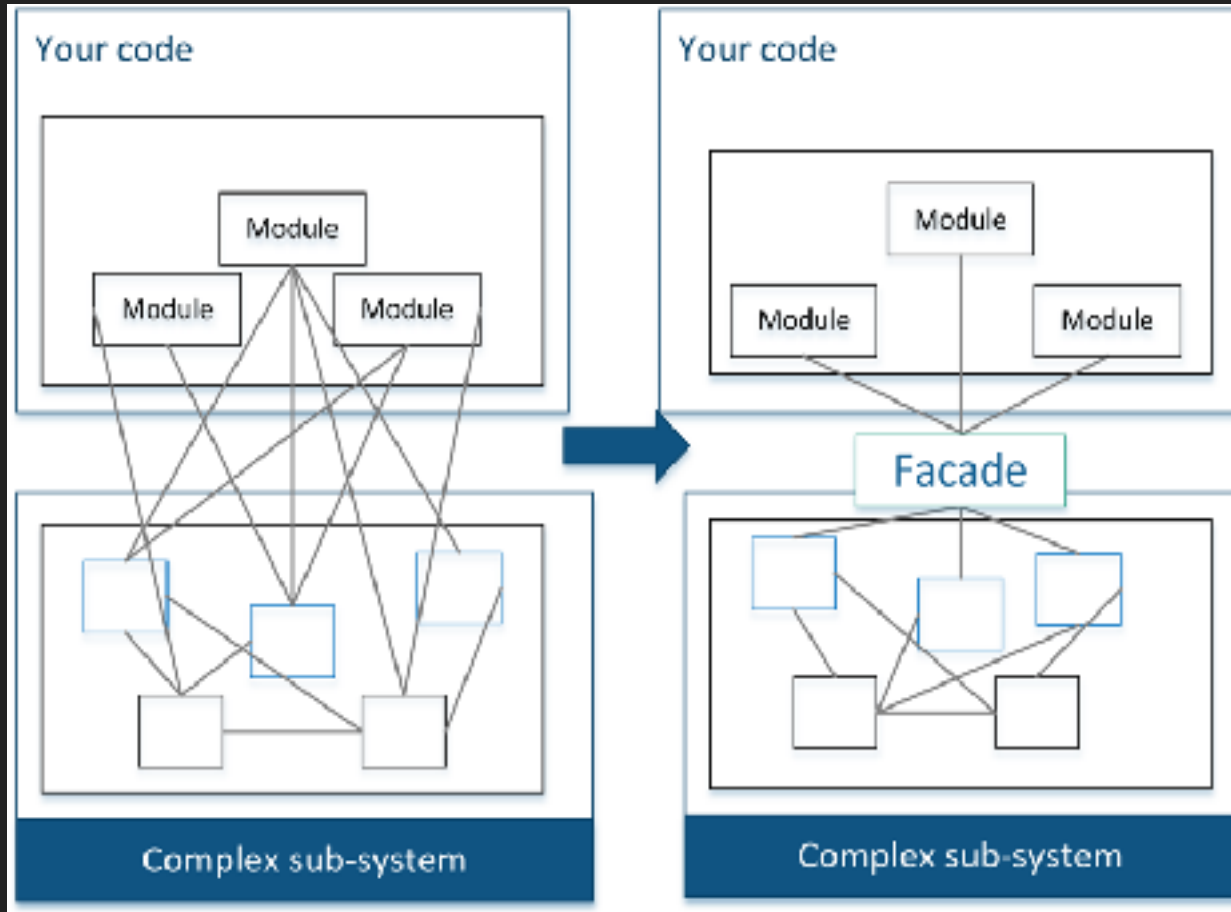


Example 3: Implement a **Single Sign-On**

- Libraries / packages created by another team within same company
- Re-used by multiple applications
- Common practice in large companies

Façade Design Pattern

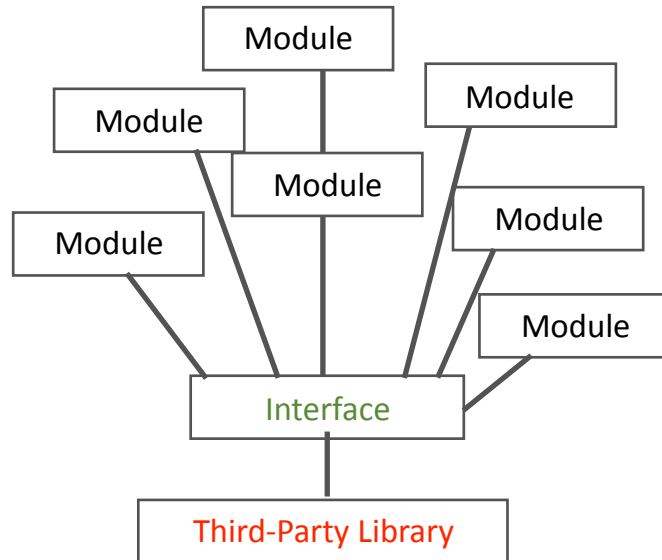
- Simplifies the interaction with a complex sub-system
- Make easier to use a poorly designed API
- It can hide away the details from the client.
- Reduces dependencies on the outside code.



Secure Software Starts from Design !

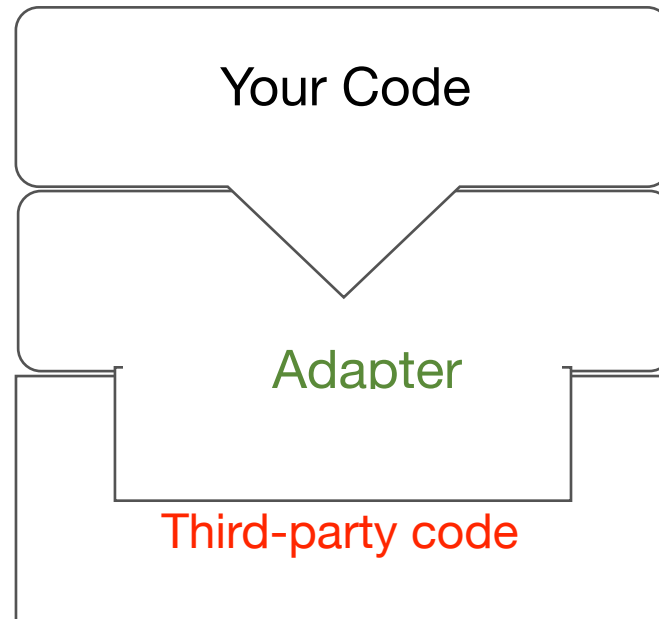
Wrapper

To expose only required functionality and hide unwanted behaviour.



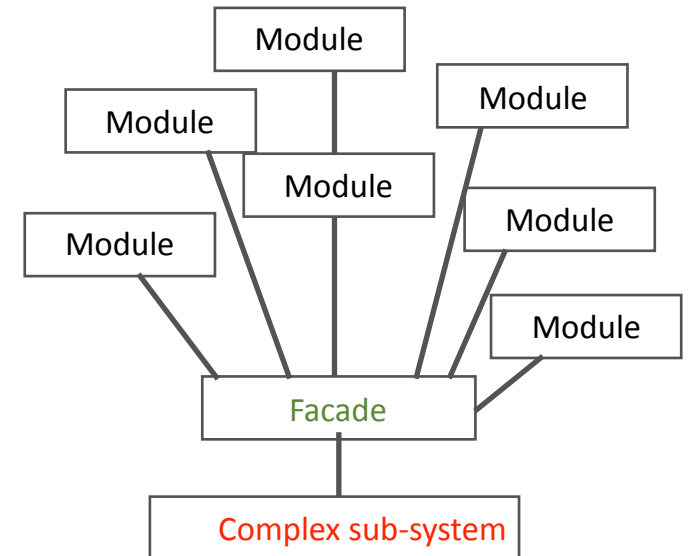
Adapter Pattern

To convert from the required interface to provided interface



Façade Pattern

To simplify the interaction with a complex sub-system.



How often ?

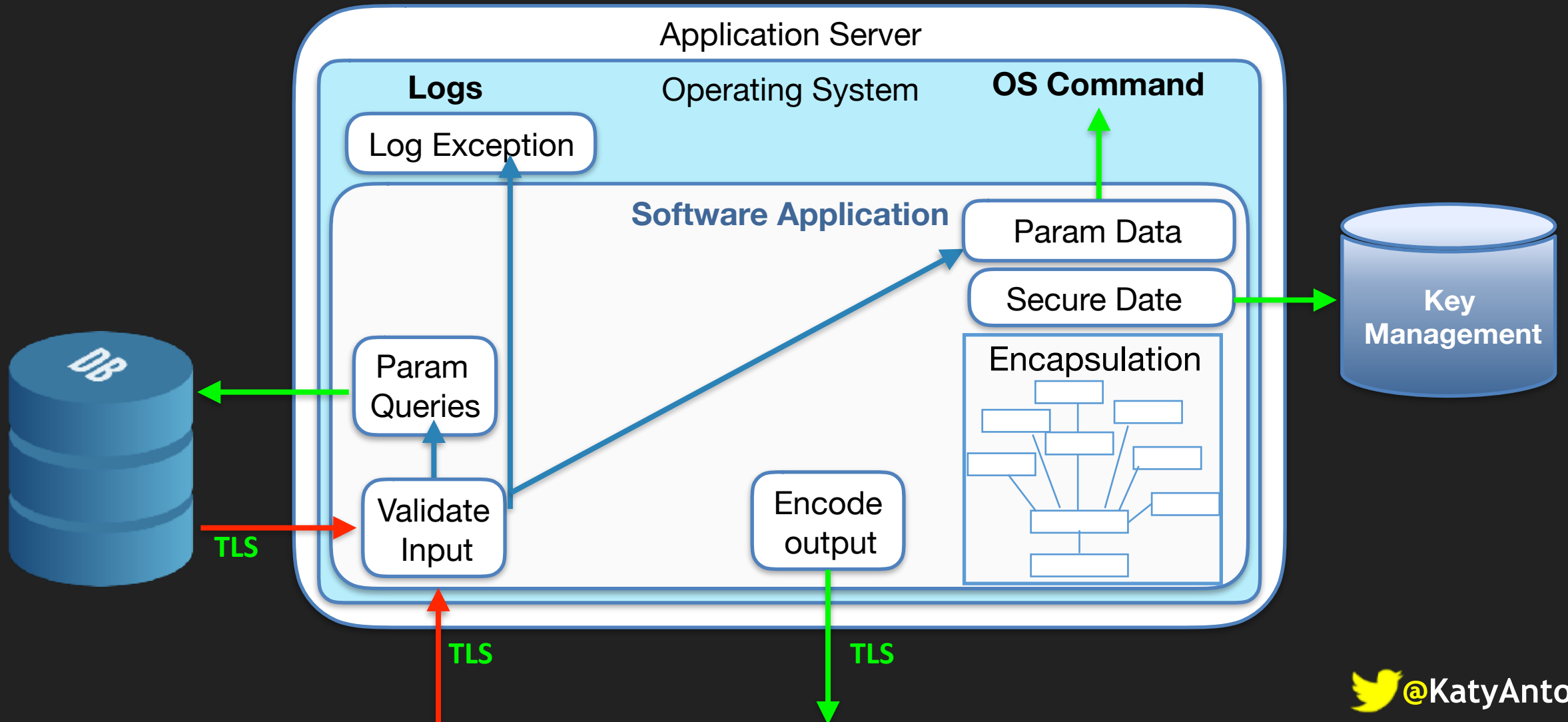
Rick Rescorla



- United States Army officer of British origin
- Born in Hayle, Cornwall, UK
- Director of Security for Morgan Stanley at WTC

Security Controls Recap

Security Controls In **Development** Cycle



Final Takeaways

Focus on
Security
Controls



CWEs

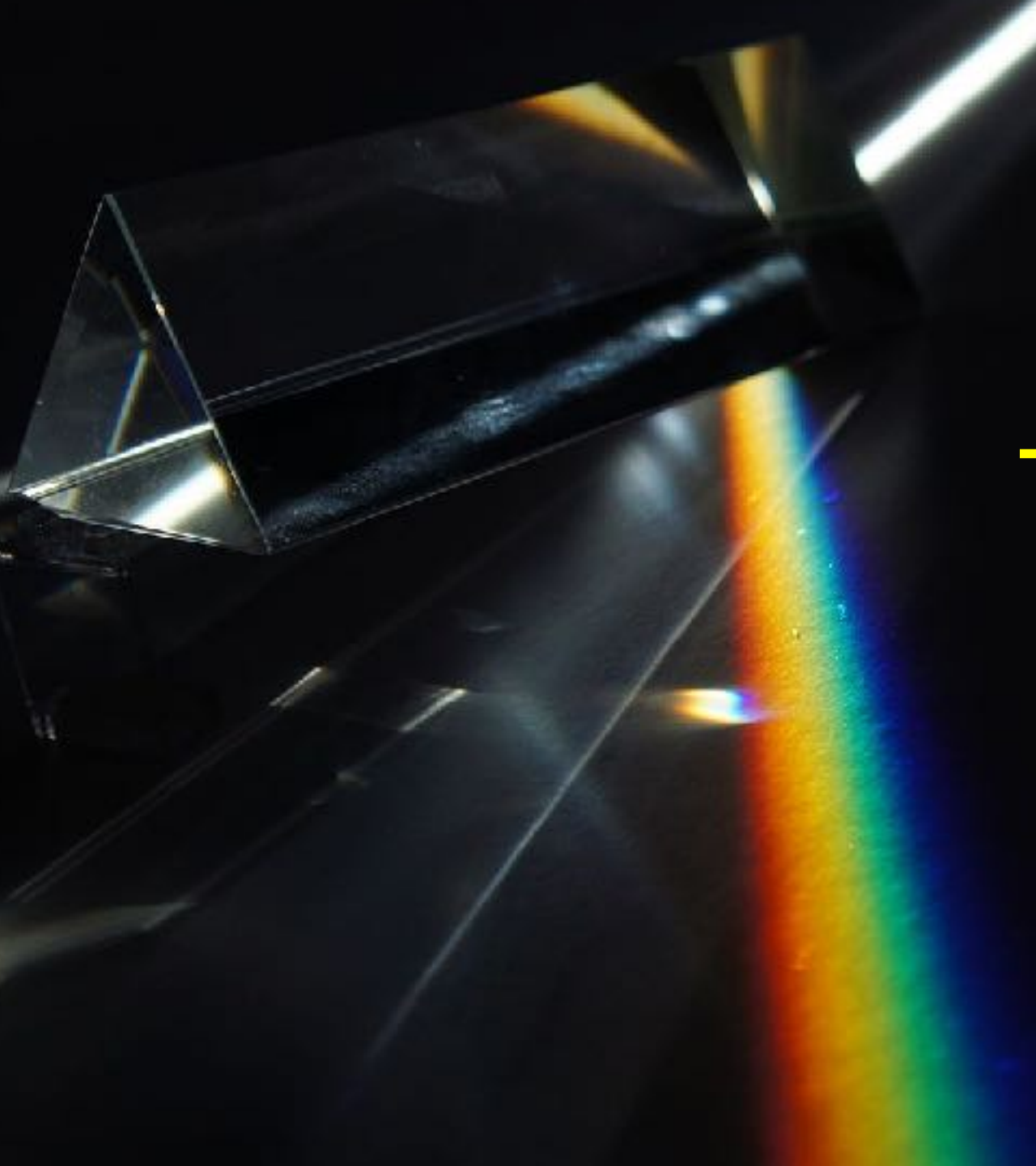
References

- OWASP Top 10 Proactive Controls

<https://owasp.org/www-project-proactive-controls/>

- OWASP Cheat Series

<https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/>



Thank you very much

@KatyAnton