

# **Cloud Native Data Pipelines with Apache Kafka**

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# What is a Cloud Native Application?



### **Common ideas**

Resilience Elasticity

**Agility** 

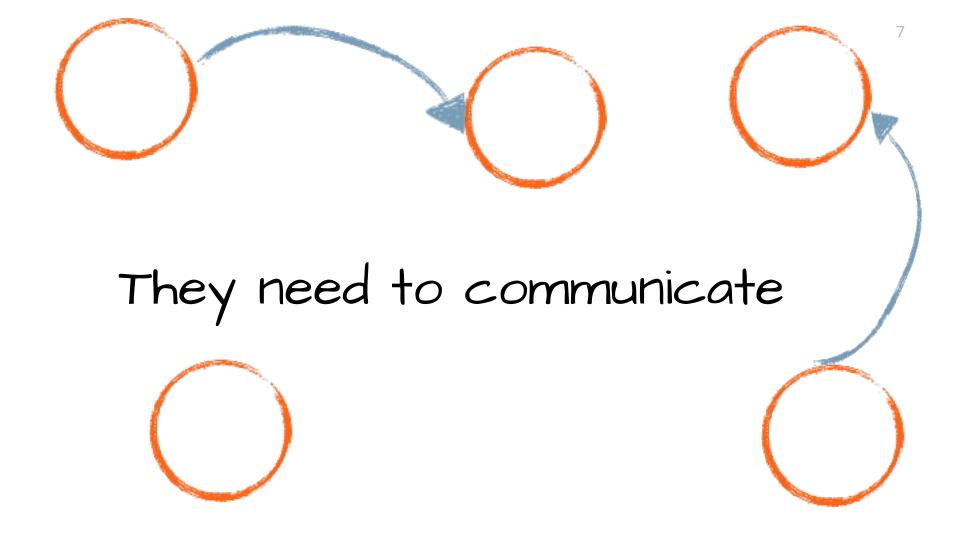
**DevOps** 

# You will build Cloud Native Applications from Non Cloud Native components

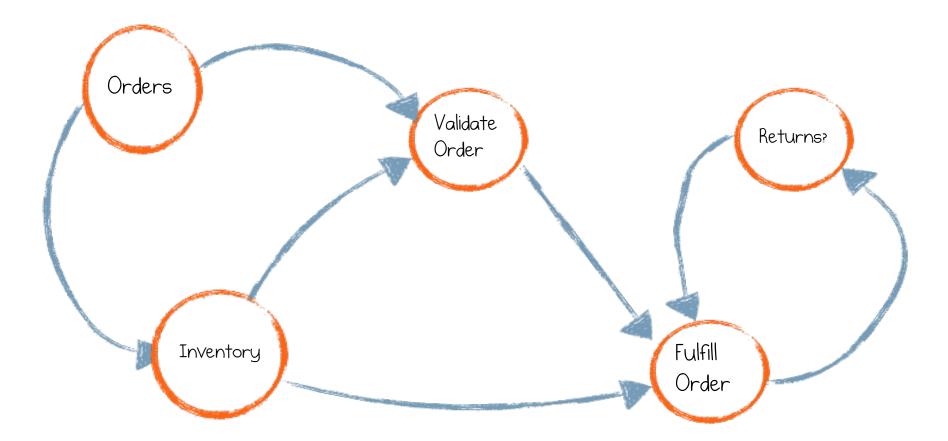
# What do Cloud Native architectures look like?

### You Have Microservices



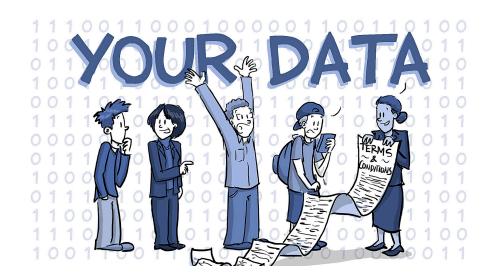


### I know! I'll use REST APIS



# But, we forgot something...

# The Problem is DATA





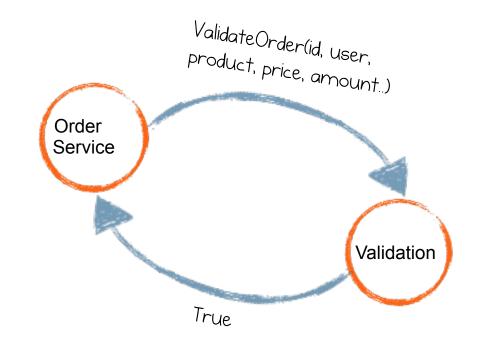
**Cloud Native Architectures are Different.** 

We need data architectures for cloud.

And Data is about context and sharing



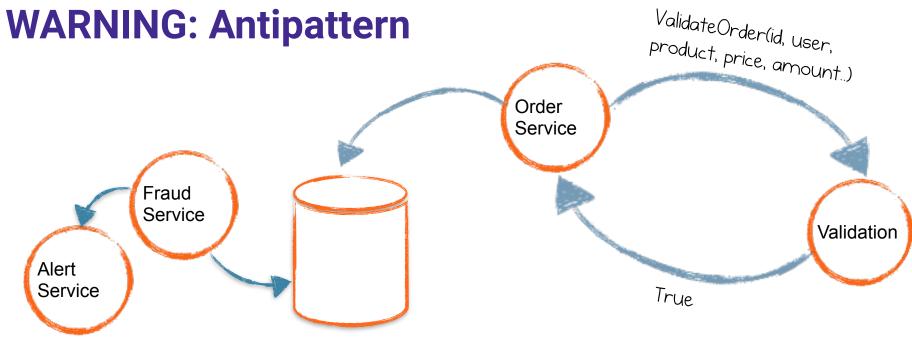
# Lets say I have this:



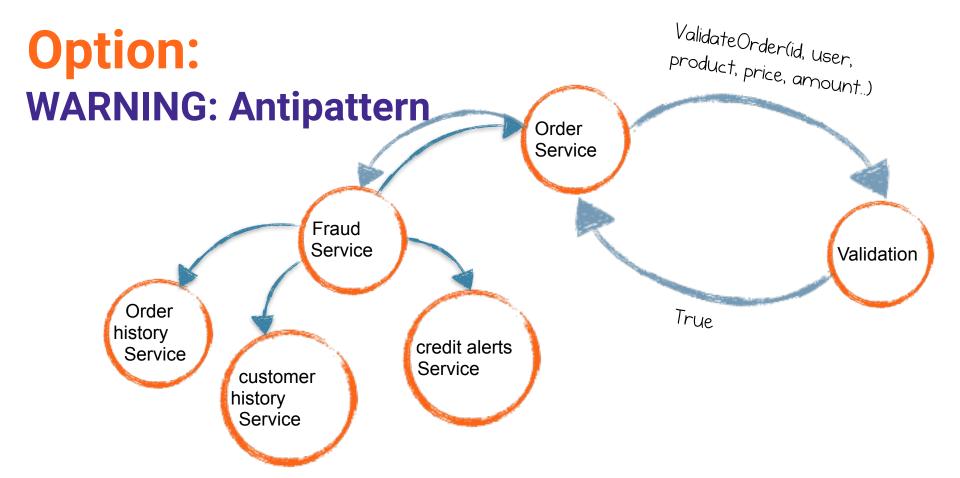
### We need Fraud Detection



# Option: WADNING: Antinattor

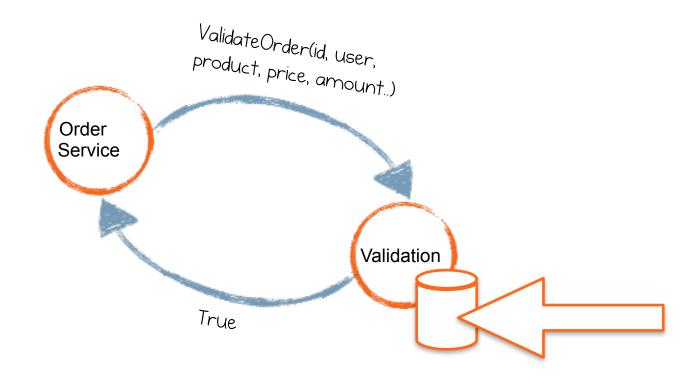






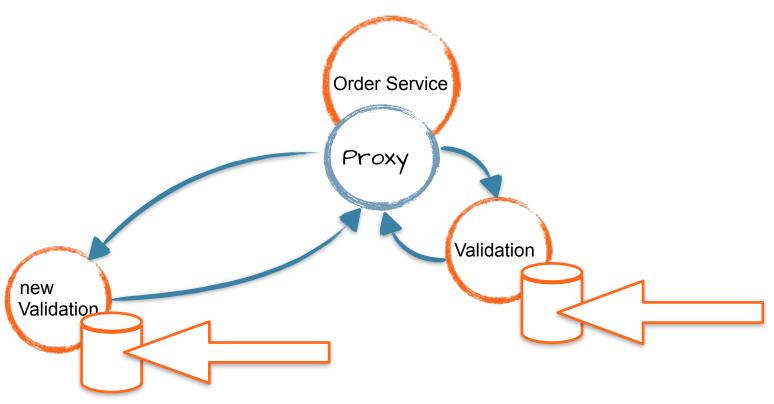


# What I want is really smart validator





### Maybe even more than one





### The challenges

- Services are really Stateful
- Data has history
- Data is shared



### **Lets Look at Patterns**

### **Publish Events**



#### Events are not:

- Commands
- Queries
- Requests

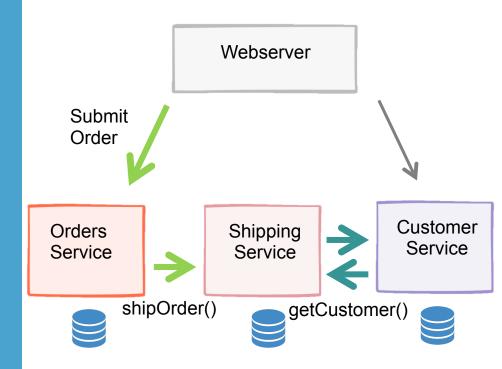
#### Events are:

- Things that happened
- Notification
- Data



# Buying an iPad (with REST)

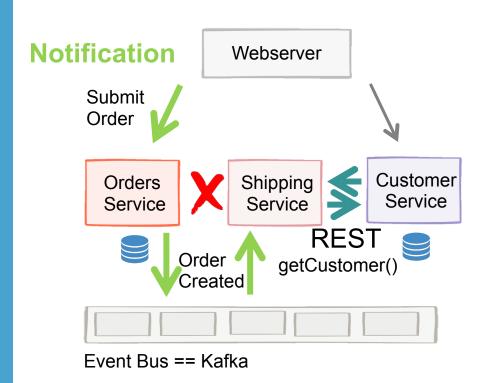
- Orders Service calls Shipping
   Service to tell it to ship item.
- Shipping service looks up address to ship to (from Customer Service)





### **Using events for Notification**

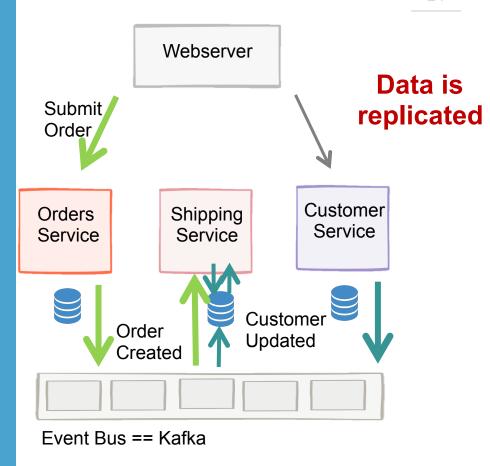
 Orders Service no longer knows about the Shipping service (or any other service). Events are fire and forget.



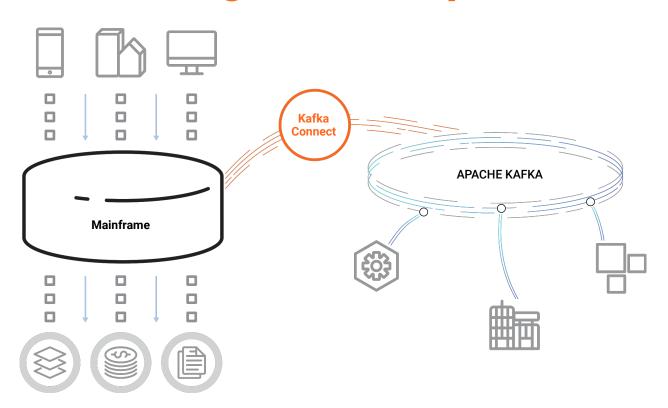


# Using events to share facts

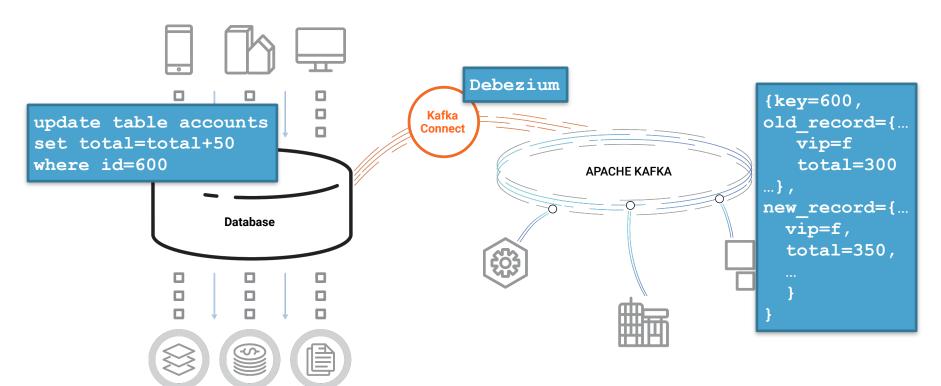
- Call to Customer service is gone.
- Instead data in replicated, as events, into the shipping service, where it is queried locally.



# Need someone else's events? Change Data Capture



# Need someone else's events? Change Data Capture



# Local state for Microservices



### We have a stream of events:

```
{order:1,
 product: iphone,
 status: created
}
```

event 1

```
{order:1,
 product: iphone,
 status: valid
}
```

event 2

```
{order:2,
 product: ipad,
 status: created
}
```

event 3

```
{order:1,
 product: iphone,
 status: shipped
}
```

event 4



### **Store current state:**

```
{order:1,
 product: iphone,
 status: created
}
```

event 1

```
{order:1,
 product: iphone,
 status: valid
}
```

event 2

```
{order:2,
 product: ipad,
 status: created
}
```

event 3

```
{order:1,
 product: iphone,
 status: shipped
}
```

event 4

Order 1 -> iphone, shipped Order 2 -> ipad, created



### **Duplicate data?**

Low risk due to shared event stream

Sharded with the application

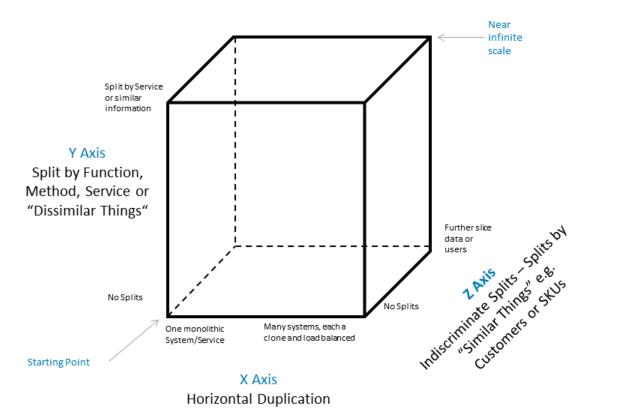
Just the data you need





#### **AKF Scale Cube**





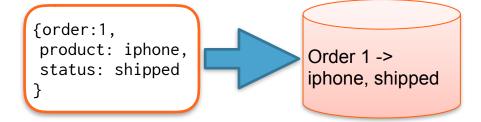


### **Sharded View**

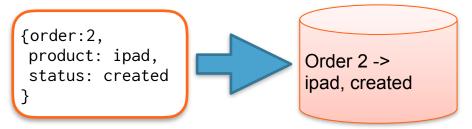
#### Odd orders:

```
{order:1,
 product: iphone,
 status: created
}
```

```
{order:1,
 product: iphone,
 status: valid
}
```



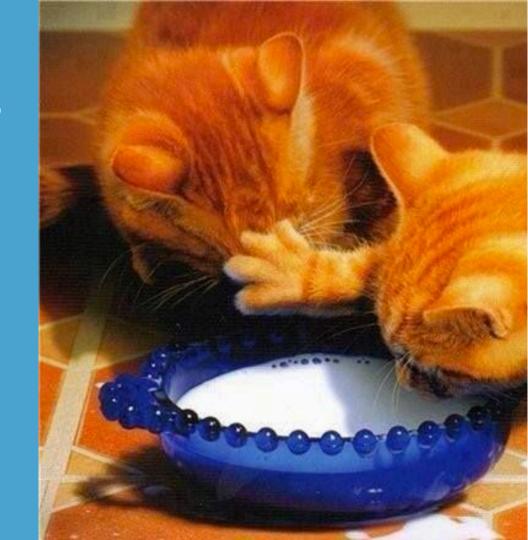
#### Even orders:





### **Better than shared DB**

- The data I need,the way I need it
- Reduced dependencies
- Low latency
- Events are also triggers



select order\_id,
customer\_id, product where
total\_value>10000

• • •

And also, if you get one like that in the future, execute callback()

# Reporting Live from Streams of Events



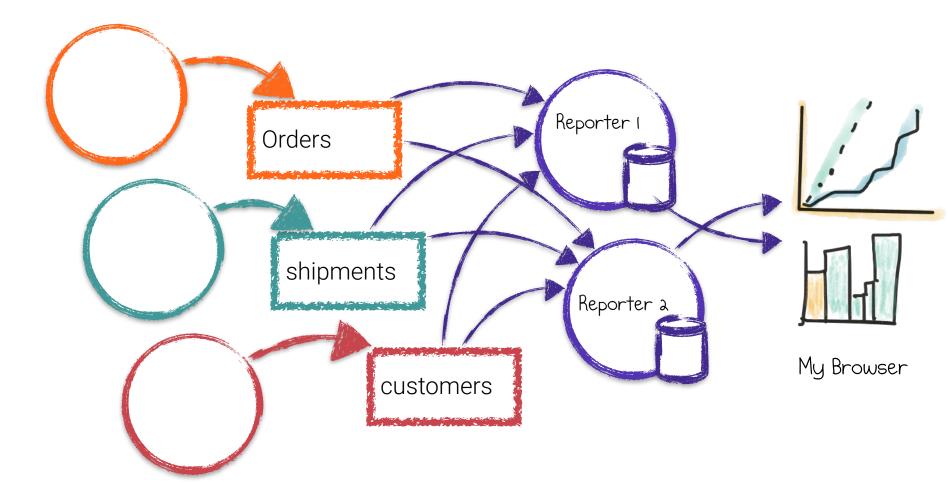
### Requirements

- Aggregated reports
- Combining data from many services
- Updated in real time
- Scalable and resilient



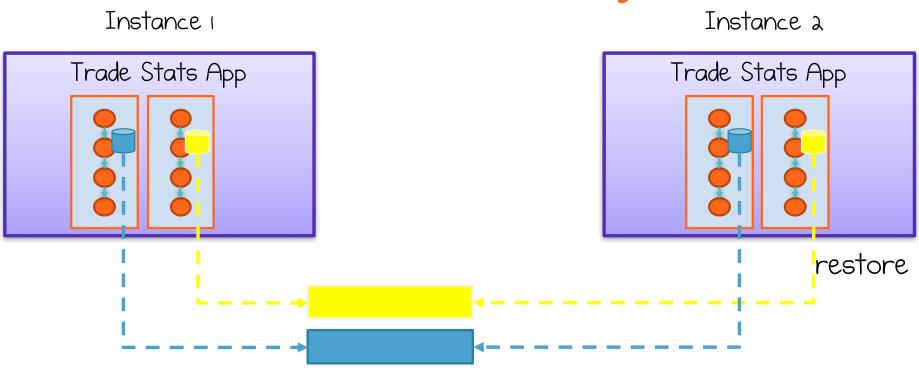
Login count vs target







### **State Recovery**



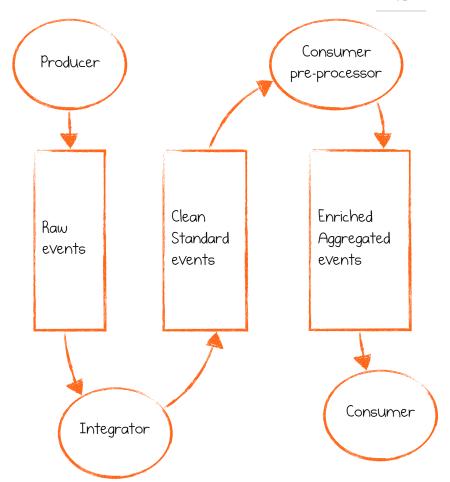
**Changelog Topic** 

# 3-layer data model



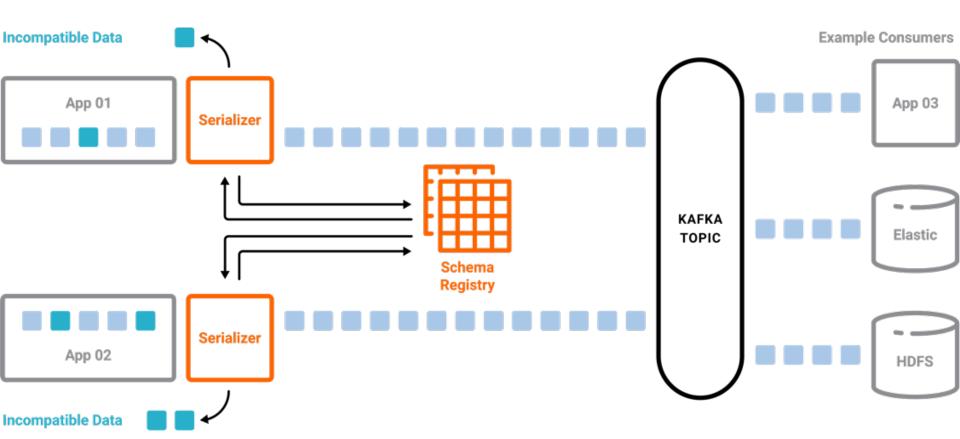
# Who controls the data format?

- Publishers?
- Consumers?
- How do we share events?



# In **Event Streaming** World **Event Schemas** ARE the API







# **Take Away Points!**



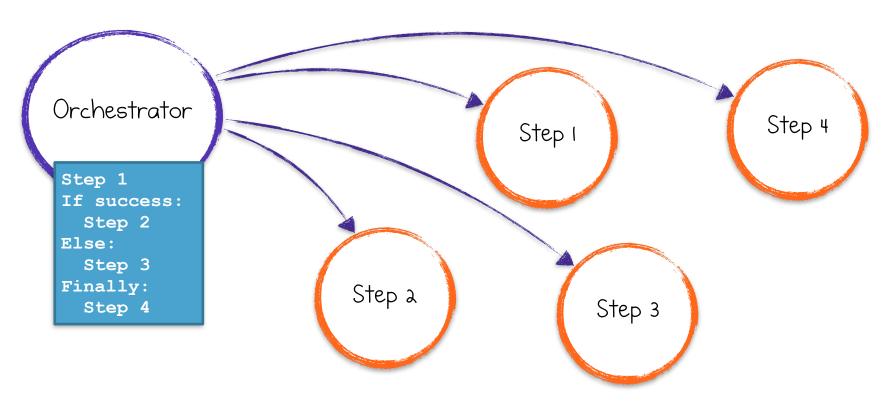
### **Remember This**

- As you design cloud-native architectures
  - don't forget the data
- Publish events
- Build views and reports from events
- Be nice to each other



# Orchestration vs Choreography

### **Orchestration: One Service to Rule them all**



### Choreography: We react to each other

